

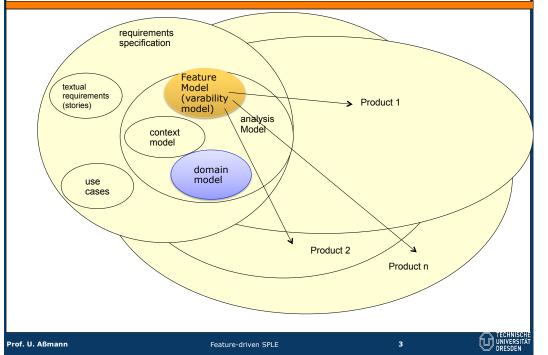
32) Domain Models and Software Product Line Engineering (SPLC)

Fakultät Informatik, Institut für Software- und Multimediatechnik, Lehrstuhl für Softwaretechnologie

1. Domain Models and Product Lines **2.** Domain Ontologies and the MDA

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So Far: Product Lines Configured by Feature Models



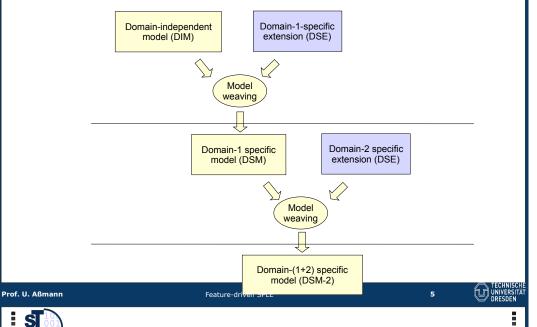


> Uwe Aßmann, Steffen Zschaler, and Gerd Wagner. Ontologies, meta-models, and the model-driven paradigm. In Coral Calero, Francisco Ruiz, and Mario Piattini, editors, Ontologies for Software Engineering and Technology. Springer, 2006. > Ed Seidewitz. What models mean. IEEE Software, 20:26-32, September 2003. 2 Prof. U. Aßmann Feature-driven SPLE S Now: Product Lines with different Domain Models requirements specification Feature textual Model requirements (varability Product 1 (stories) model) analysis Model context model domain model use cases Product 2 Product n Prof. U. Aßmann Feature-driven SPLE 4



Adding Domain-Specific Extensions to Domain-Independent Models

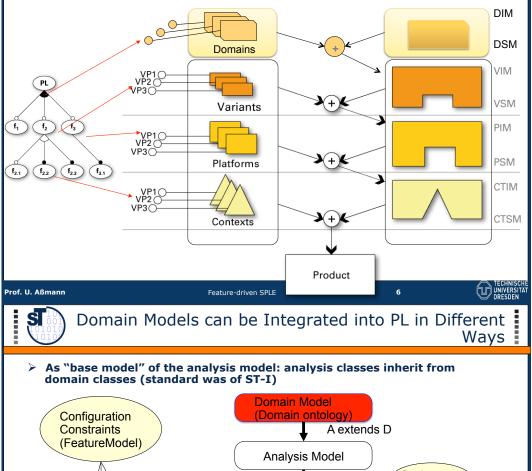
> In a product line, domain-specific extensions can be treated like platform-specific extensions (see process FEASIPLE)

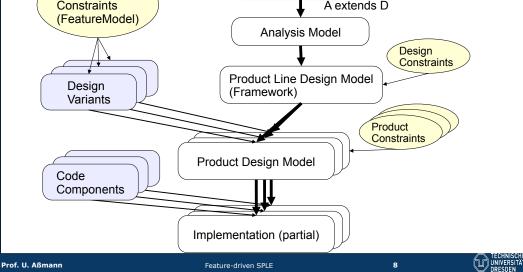


32.1 DOMAIN MODELS AND SOFTWARE PRODUCT LINES (SPLC)



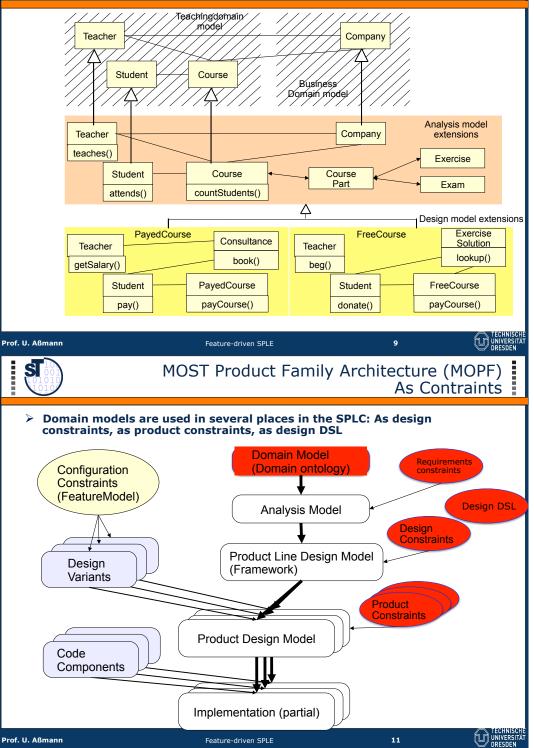
> FEASIPLE can be extended by a stage for selecting domain models





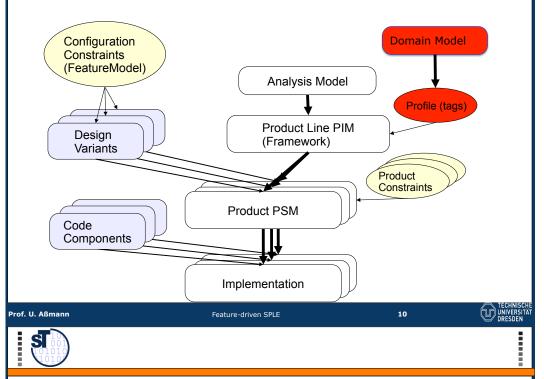


Domain Models as Base Models





Marked PIM in MDA



32.2 USING DOMAIN ONTOLOGIES IN THE MDA





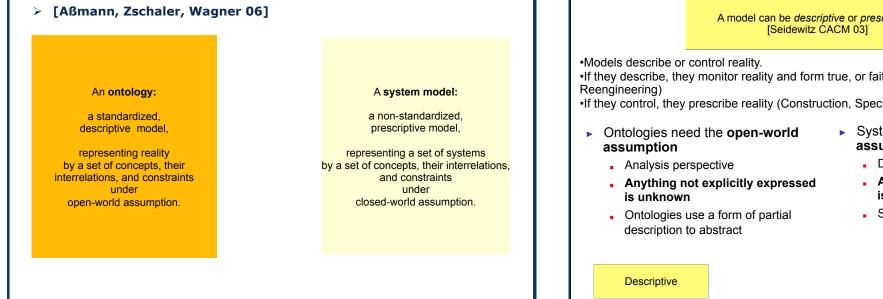
> Ontologies offer reasoning power

- Ontologies are modeled by domain experts and standardized Gene Ontology, SnoMed, Mouse Ontology, ...
- > OWL language is standardized, reasoners are available
- > Can we use them in the Product-Line Engineering, resp. MDA?

How do ontologies and system models relate?

- > Ontology
- Metamodels
- \blacktriangleright Model-Driven Engineering (MDE)
- Model-Driven Architecture (MDA)





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How can we find a place for ontologies in the world of MDA?

A model is an external and explicit representation of a part of reality as seen by the people who wish to use that model to understand, change, manage, and control that part of reality. [Pidd]

A model of a system is a description or specifiation of that system and its environment for some certain purpose. [MDA Guide]

But....

Ontologies are formal explicit specifications of a shared conceptualization.[Gruber]



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Models vs Ontologies – A Big Difference Description or Control

A model can be descriptive or prescriptive.

•If they describe, they monitor reality and form true, or faithful, abstractions (Analysis,

If they control, they prescribe reality (Construction, Specification)

System models need closed-world assumption

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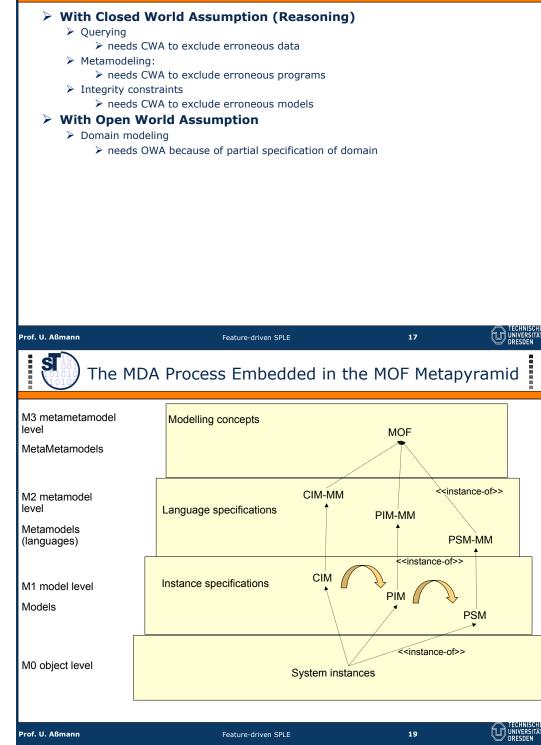
- Design perspective
- Anything not explicitly expressed is wrong
- System models specify completely

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Prescriptive

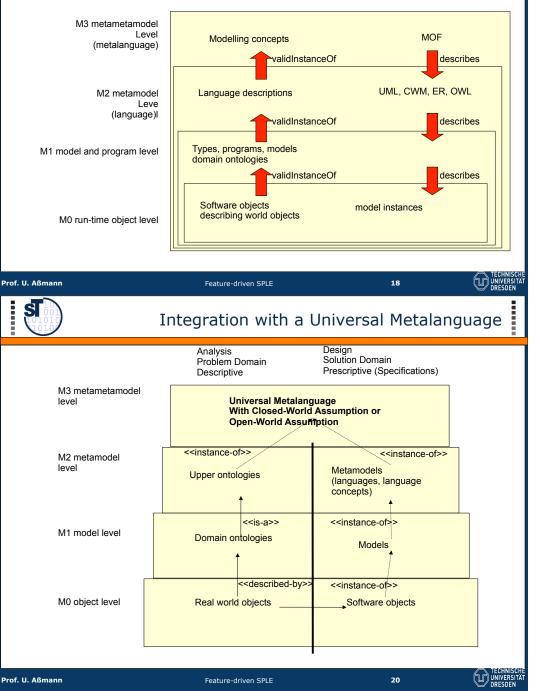


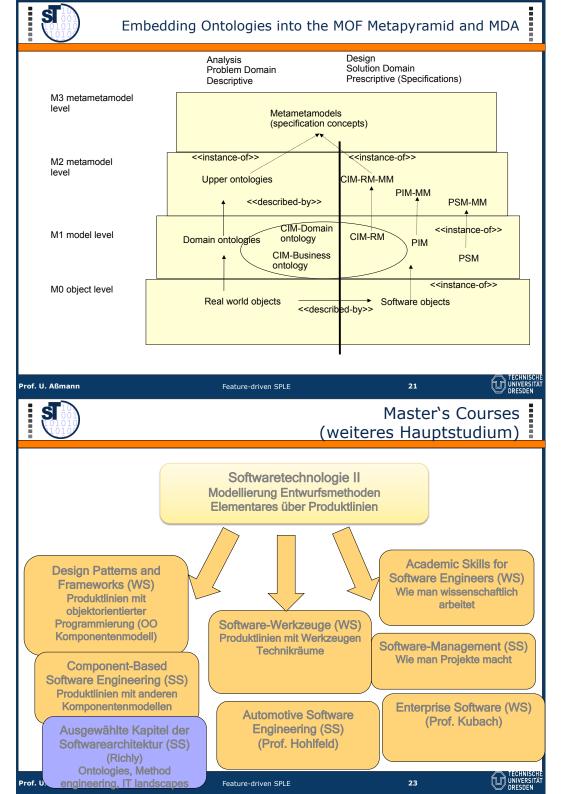




> A technical space uses a metapyramid, formed by a specific metalanguage on M3









- Ontologies are advantageous in SPLE for
 > domain ontologies
 - > integrity constraint ontologies in product lines
- ≻ but...
 - Ontologies should not be misused as system models
 - > Ontologies *complement* system models
 - \succ Ontologies in OWA for domain modeling, CWA for the rest
- > Integration technology and tools needed!
- > MOST project (Marrying Ontologies and Software Technology)
- www.most-project.eu



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