Software for Digital Health

Scientific Presentations

Hauptseminar (WS 18)
Tuesday, 5. DS, APB/2101
Thomas Kühn (thomas.kuehn3@tu-dresden.de)

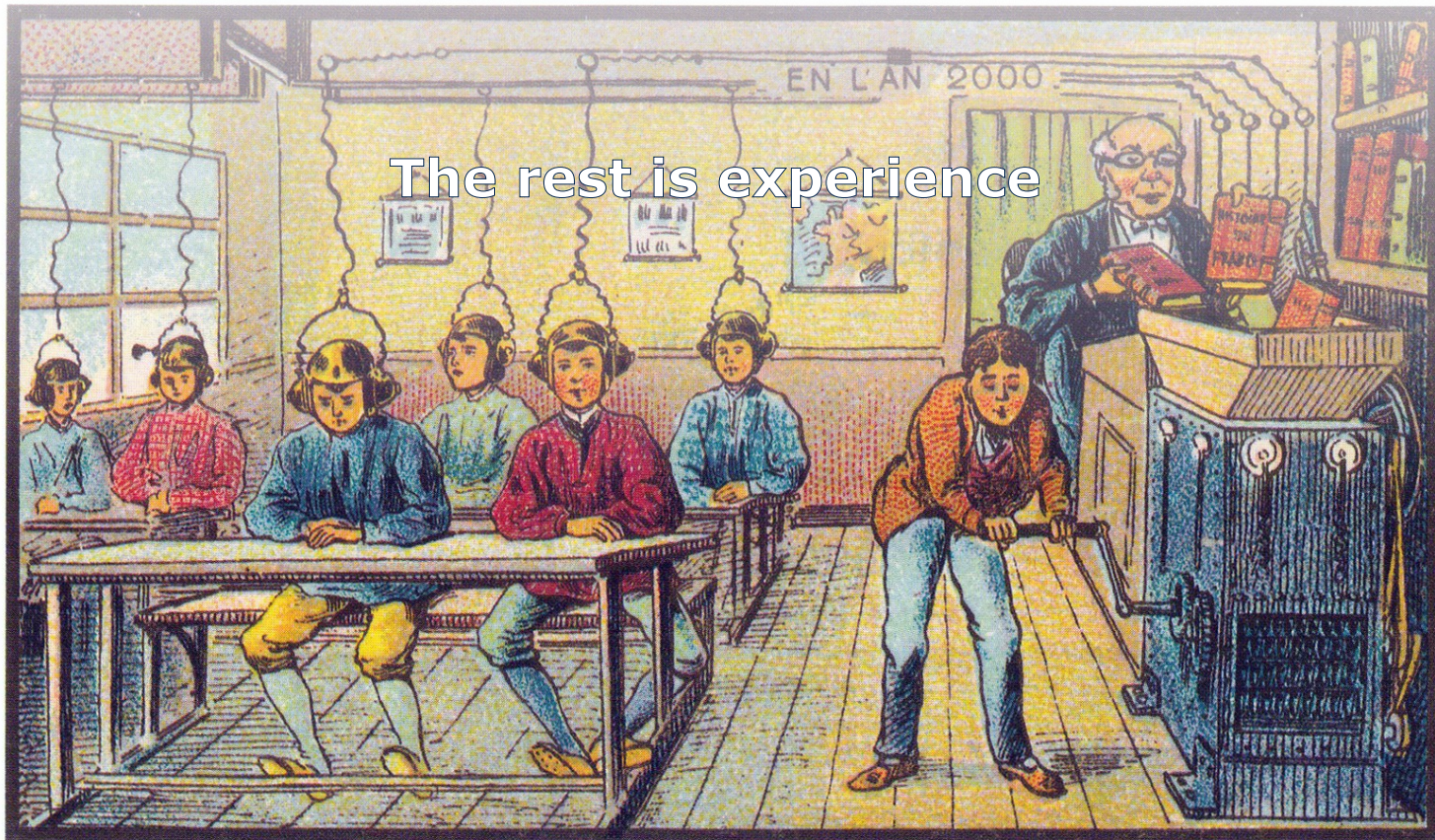DRESDEN
concept
Exzellenz aus
Wissenschaft
und Kultur

We learn ...   by ...

painting   examining paintings
writing   reading articles
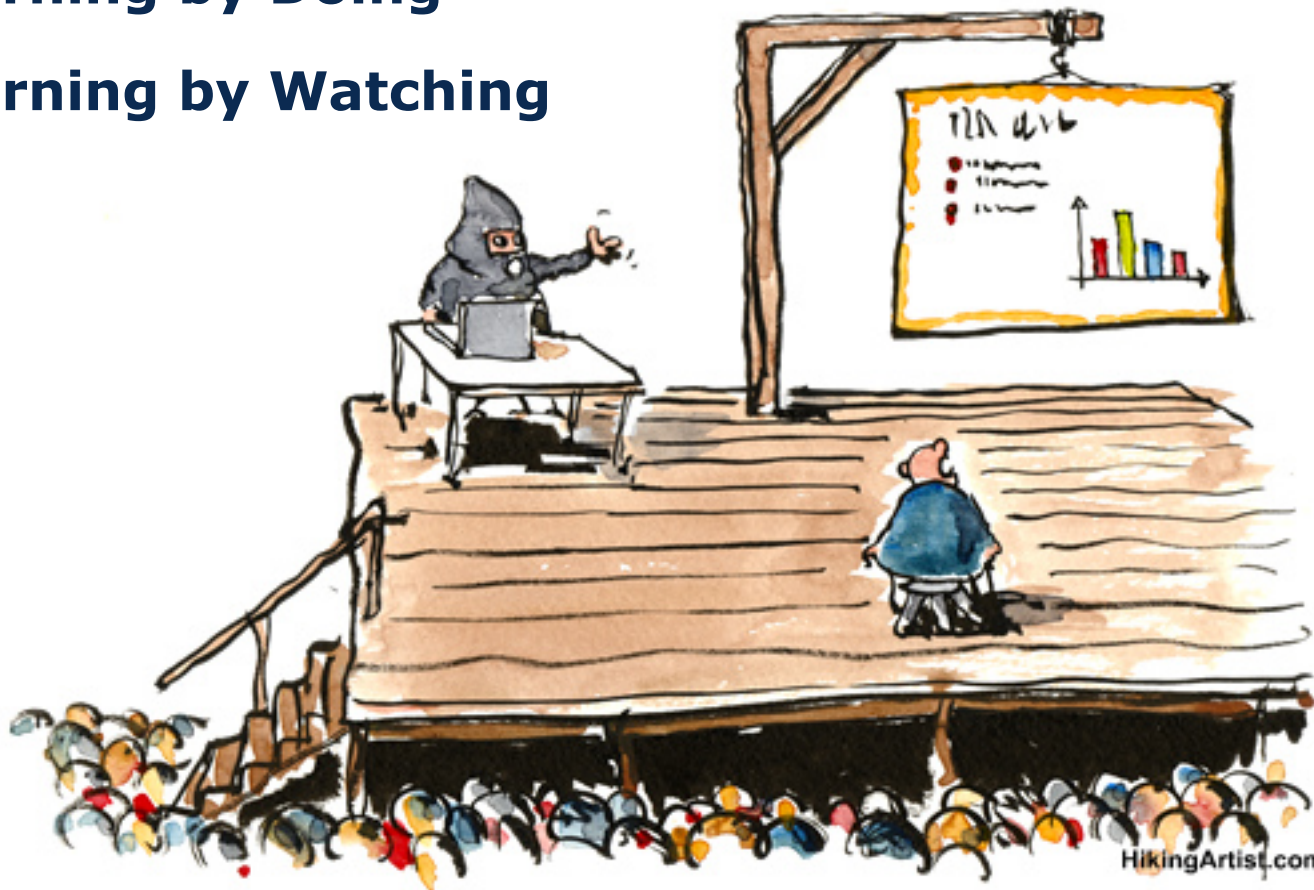presenting   watching presentations

The rest is experience

At School **France in XXI Century 19 Jhd.**, Wikimedia Commons, (Public Domain)

Beginners Guide

Scientific Presentations

Learning by Doing

Learning by Watching

Death-by-Presentation by Frits Ahlefeldt-Laurvig (http://www.flickr.com/photos/hikingartist/3515471358/)

What is the goal of the presentation?

Why are you giving the presentation?

When will your presentation be held?

How will you support your statements?

Where will your presentation be held?

Who will be your audience?

– Rudyard Kipling, *I Keep Six Honest Serving Men ...*

20% Motivation	80% Core Statements

- Every Presentation tells a story
- Continuous use of **one** running example
- Conclude by summarizing core statements
- Prefer a linear narrative

Rough Outline
- Introduction   *(outline, motivation, example)*
- Background   *(context, problems, history)*
- Core statement   *(idea, solution, results)*
- End   *(conclusion, outlook)*

"Story Grammar" *[Piesk1997]*

1. Problem / Importance   **Motivation**
   - *Hero has unsolvable problem*
2. Needs: **Problems**
   - *Hero lacks a "slice of heaven"*
3. Wish: **Goals**
   - *Hero has a goal to strive for*
4. Antagonist: **State of the Art**
   - *Antagonists pursue the same goal*
5. Plan / weapon / tool: **Solution**
   - *Hero uses it to reach the goal*
6. Battle: **Evaluation**
   - *Battle between hero and antagonists*
7. Insight: **Results**
   - *Insight is gained after battle is won*

DO NOT

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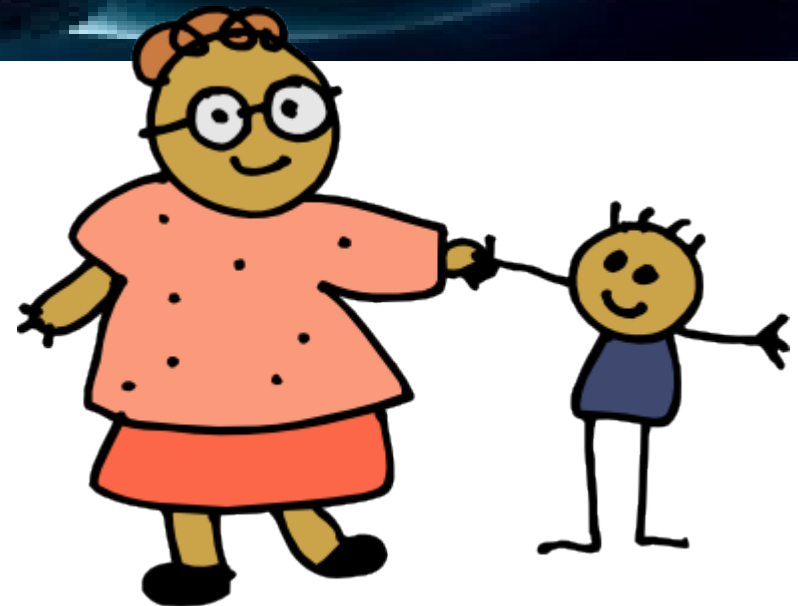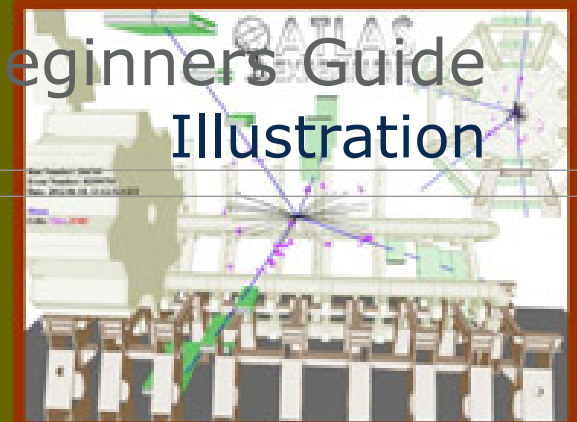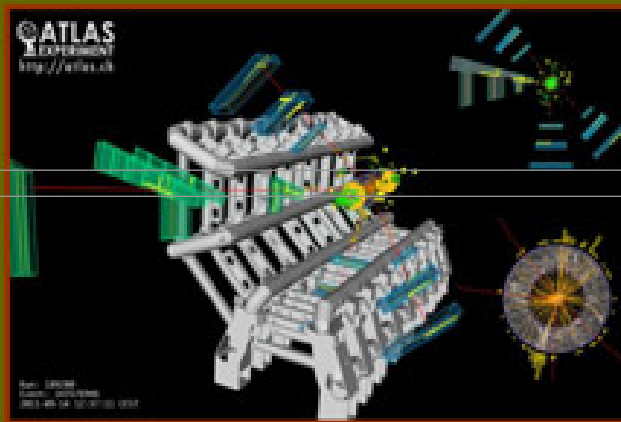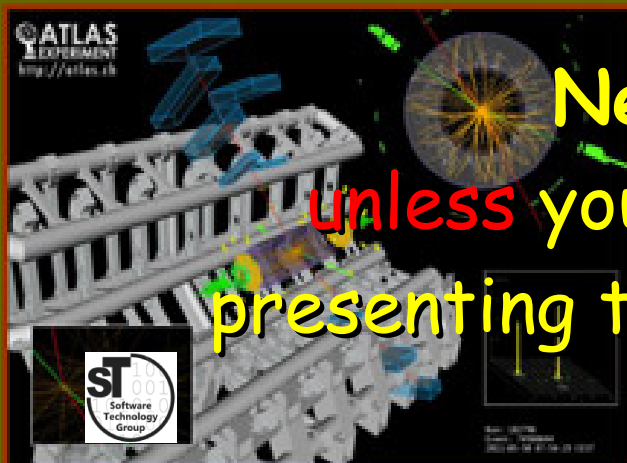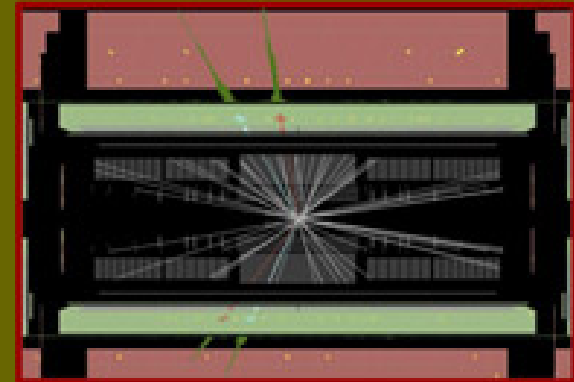
Status of Standard Model Higgs searches in ATLAS

Using the full datasets recorded in 2011 at $\sqrt{s}$= 7 TeV and 2012 at $\sqrt{s}$=8 TeV: up to 10.7 fb^{-1}

Fabiola Gianotti (CERN), representing the ATLAS Collaboration

Never use fancy fonts, unless you are a theoretical physicist presenting the Higgs-Boson *[Gianotti2012]*

DO

- Short lists (max. 7 words)

- Use short, precise formulations

- Use clean templates (without decorations)

- Commit to one (sans serif) font

- Use (few) colors consistently

- Sharp (high-resolution) images

- Use **bold**, *italic*, <u>underline</u> for highlighting

- Use figures to illustrate complex processes

- Use *animations/transition effects* only to explain complex relationships

- Present only significant information

- Practice, practice, practice

- Conceive precise formulations, metaphors, examples

- Especially, practice slide transitions

- Train self-control
  (facial expression, gestures, intonation, ...)

- Avoid useless filler words *(ehm, so, also, yes...)*

- Avoid long anecdotes, stick to the point

- Find ways to calm yourself

- In which context will you give your presentation?
  - Knowledge of your audience
  - Type of event
  - Goals of the event / your presentation

- What is the core statement of your presentation?

- What story do you tell?

- Which example do you use?

- Which illustrations will you choose?

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Scientific Presentations

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Death-by-Presentation by Frits Ahlefeldt-Laurvig (http://www.flickr.com/photos/hikingartist/3515471358/)
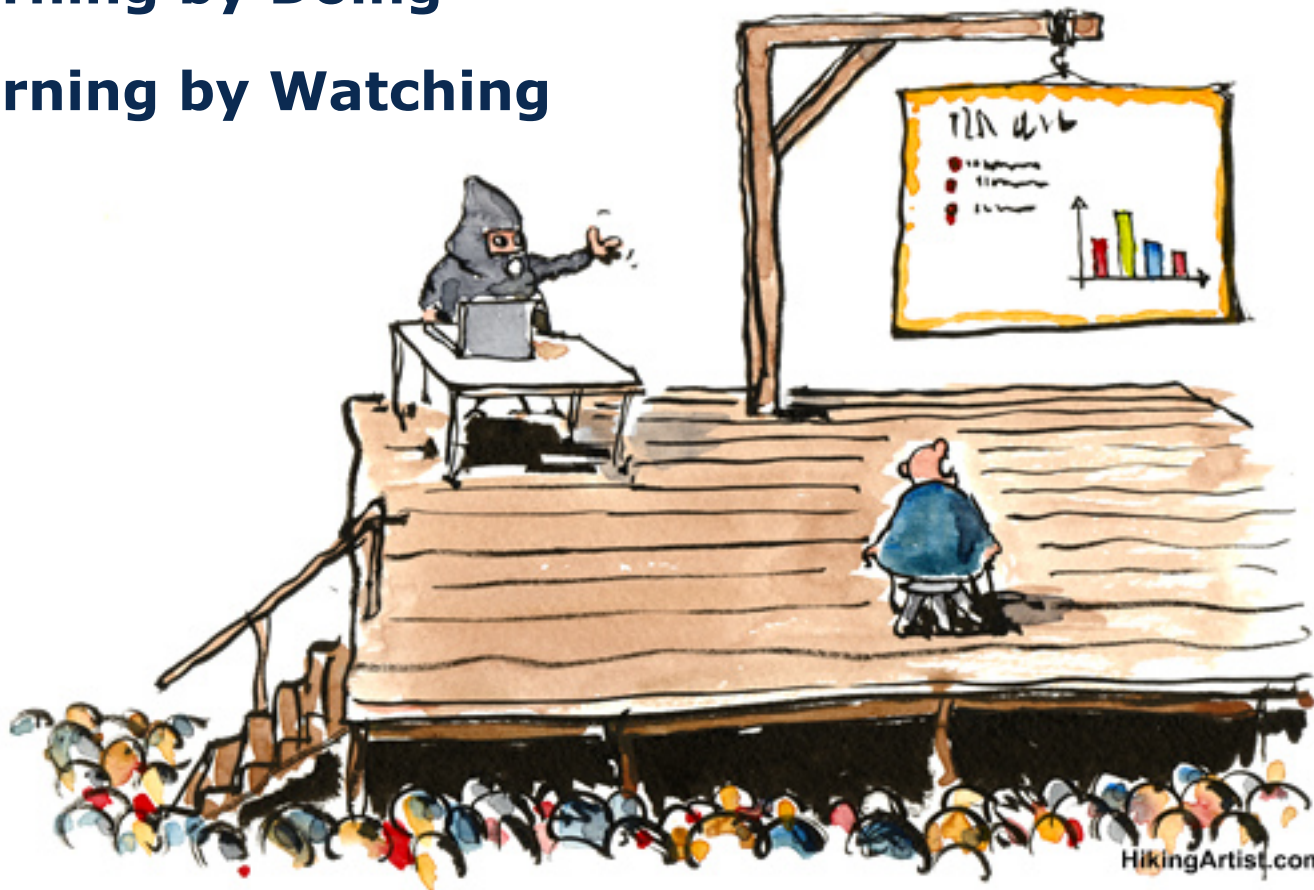
Figure 1: Alexander von Humboldt, Wikimedia Commons (Public Domain)

High Standards for Scientific Presentations

- Complex topics

- Fixed structure (outline)

- More information in less time

- Requires correct citations

- Depiction of
  - Tables,
  - Statistics, and
  - Mathematical formulae

- Professional audience

- Introduction

    Motivation, scientific scope

- Problem Definition

    Problems, goals, success criteria

- Concept

    Idea, hypothesis, core statement, method

- Evaluation

    Qualitative or quantitative evaluation

- Related work

- Conclusion

    Scientific contributions, future work

- Use a *Corporate Design*[1] templates, if available
  - *Predefined slide backgrounds*
  - *Predefined slide layout (may customize)*
  - *Predefined color scheme*

- Create your **own** prototypes
  - Refine the templates towards
    - Space-saving layout
    - Modified background (watermark)
    - Include slide numbers
  - Reuse of typical slides
    Title, author information, references, …

1) http://tu-dresden.de/service/publizieren/cd/

- List referenced literature at presentation's end
- Quotation:

  "Software is getting slower more rapidly than hardware becomes faster." – Niklaus Wirth [Wirth1995]

- Citation:

  Role-Object-Pattern [Bäumer1998]

- Footnote for web links:

  Eclipse[1] is a widely used Development Environment

  1) www.eclipse.org

- Subtitle for figures, tables, diagrams:
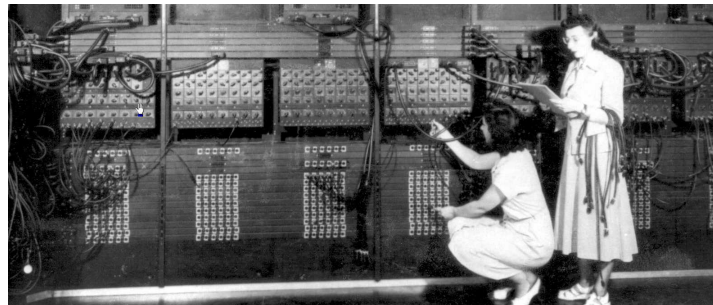 - Pay attention to copyright licenses (Creative Commons)

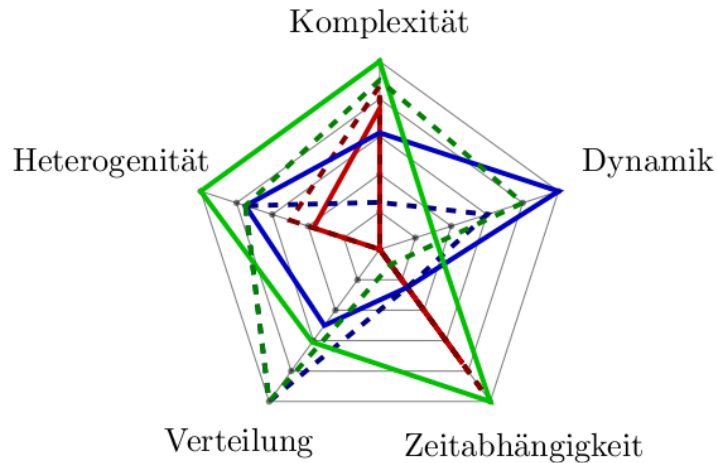**Figure 2:** Programming of ENIAC [U. S. Army Photo]
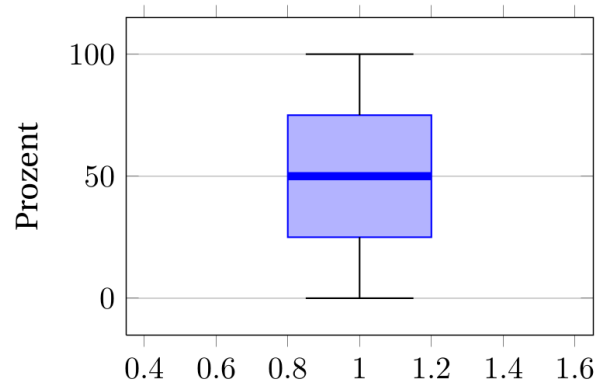
Figure 3: Radar chart *[Kühn2013]*

Figure 4: Example box plot

Qualitative Evaluation

- Tables unsuitable
- Focus on interesting details
- Derivation of analysis diagrams
  - Pie charts
  - Radar charts
  - …

Quantitative Evaluation

- Tables for small analyses
- Plots for larger analyses
  - Line chart
  - Box plots
  - …

Few Mathematical Formulae

- Simply use special characters

  card: (R → N × N) ∪ (Rel → N × N × N × N)

- Integrated formal editor

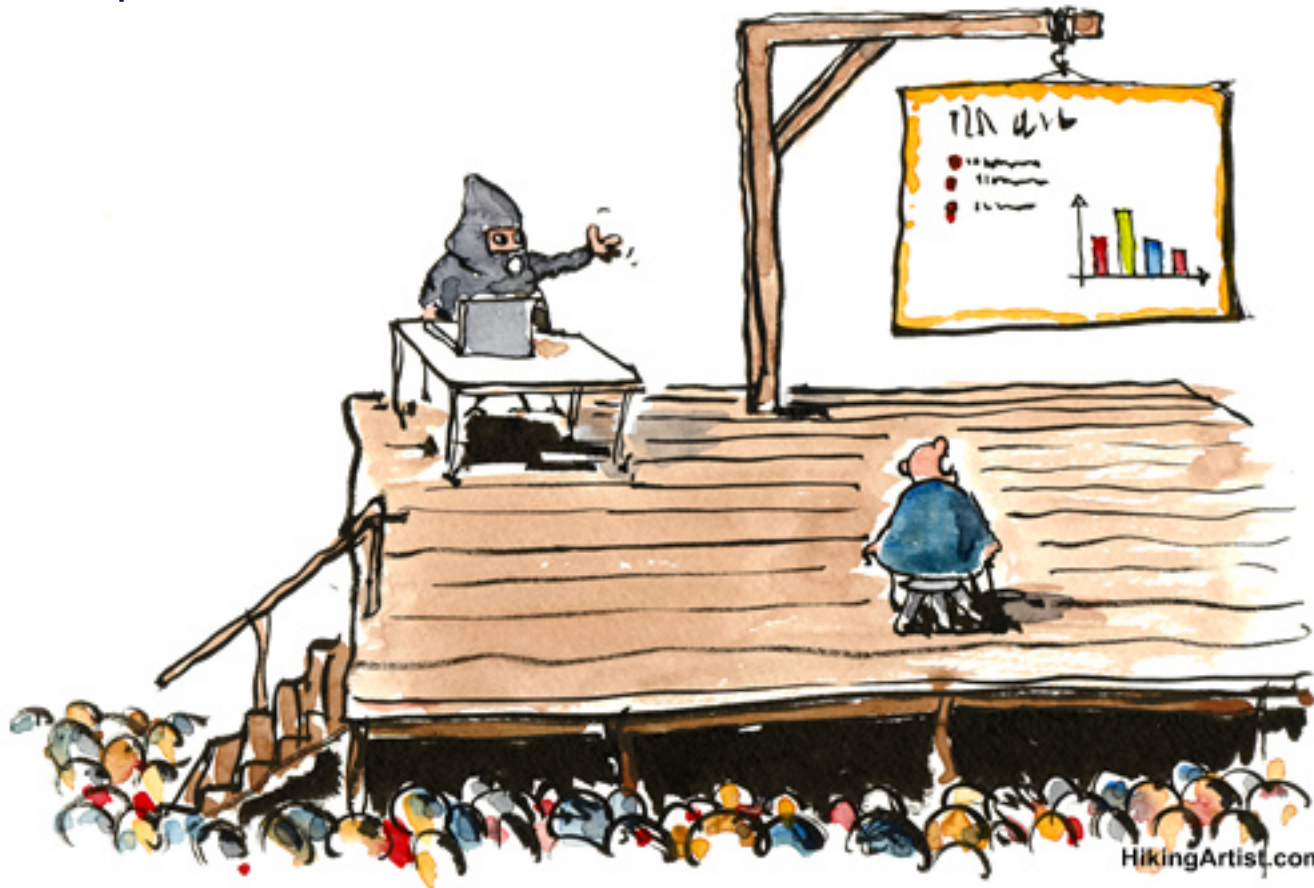$$\sum_{m=3}^{n/2} \frac{1}{\ln m} \frac{1}{\ln(n-m)} \approx \frac{n}{2\ln^2 n}$$

Many Mathematical Formulae and Definitions

- Better use *LaTeX/Beamer* instead

- Take knowledge of audience/type of event into account

- A good story and example is crucial

- Avoid overloading your presentation

- Focus only on important information/facts

- Every slide must answer a question
  (Who?, What?, Why?, How?, ...)

- Follow scientific practices and standards
  (Citations, Bibliography, List of references)

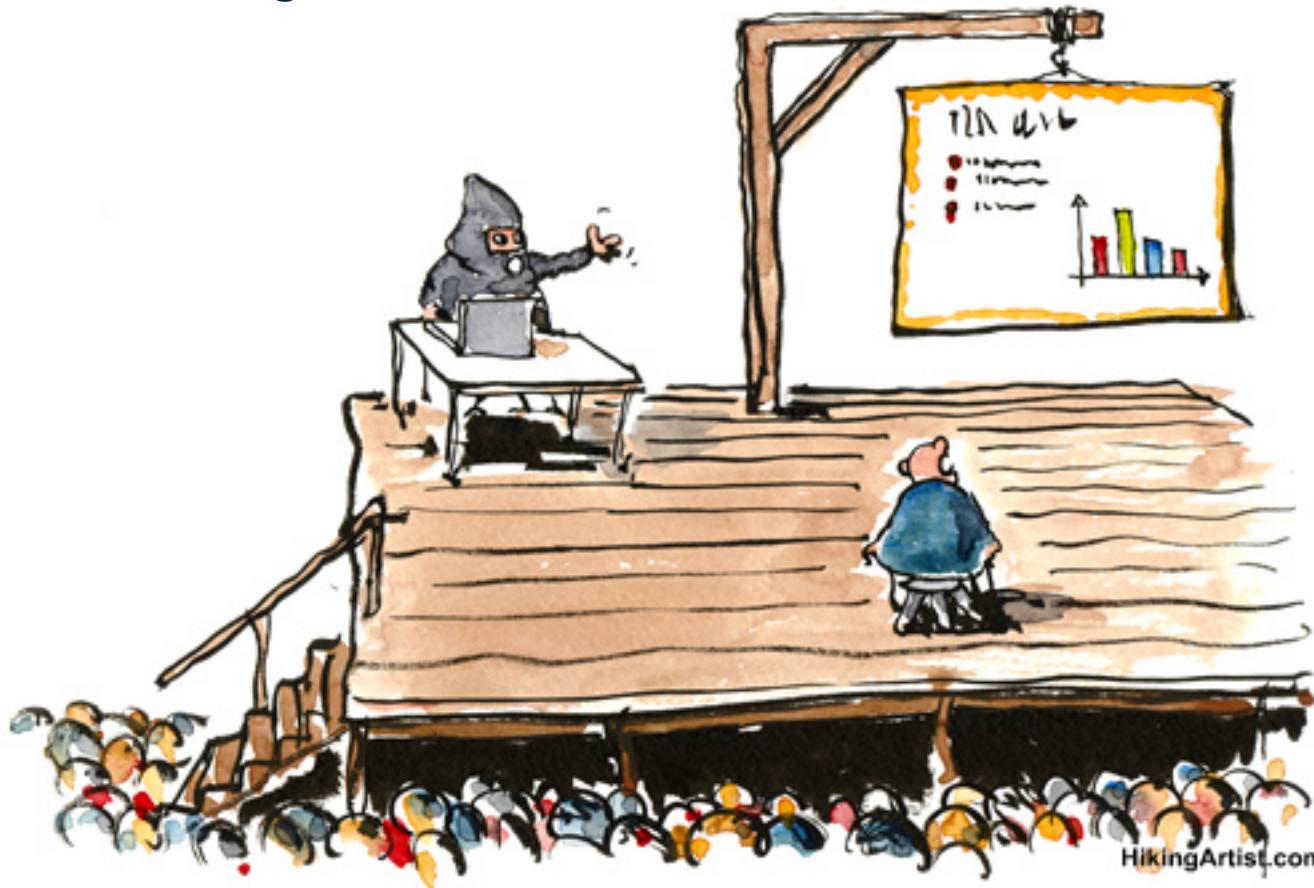- Use suitable illustrations for complex statements

Task:

- Present 2-3 *unknown* slides
- Convince your audience
- Cope with the stress

Death-by-Presentation from Frits Ahlefeldt-Laurvig (http://www.flickr.com/photos/hikingartist/3515471358/)

Toyogeki Movie in Toyooka, Wikimedia Commons (GNU Free Documentation License)

Task:

- Why is a certain presenter good/bad?
- Who tells a story?
- Who designed the best slides?

Death-by-Presentation by Frits Ahlefeldt-Laurvig (http://www.flickr.com/photos/hikingartist/3515471358/)

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xWFsdbP71ZA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ucBssR7RFJc (My 2nd worst presentation)

http://cdn.media.ccc.de/congress/2013/mp4/30c3-5304-en-**CounterStrike**_h264-hq.mp4

http://cdn.media.ccc.de/congress/2013/mp4/30c3-5537-en-**Glass_Hacks**_h264-hq.mp4

Toyogeki Movie in Toyooka, Wikimedia Commons (GNU Free Documentation License)

This presentation is based on:

- **Academic Skills in Computer Science (AsiCS)**
  Sebastian Götz and Thomas Kühn
  Lecture in summer semester

- **Wissenschaftliches Arbeiten und Lerntechniken. Erfolgreich studieren – gewusst wie!**
  Christine Stickel-Wolf und Joachim Wolf
  Updated and revised edition (2009)
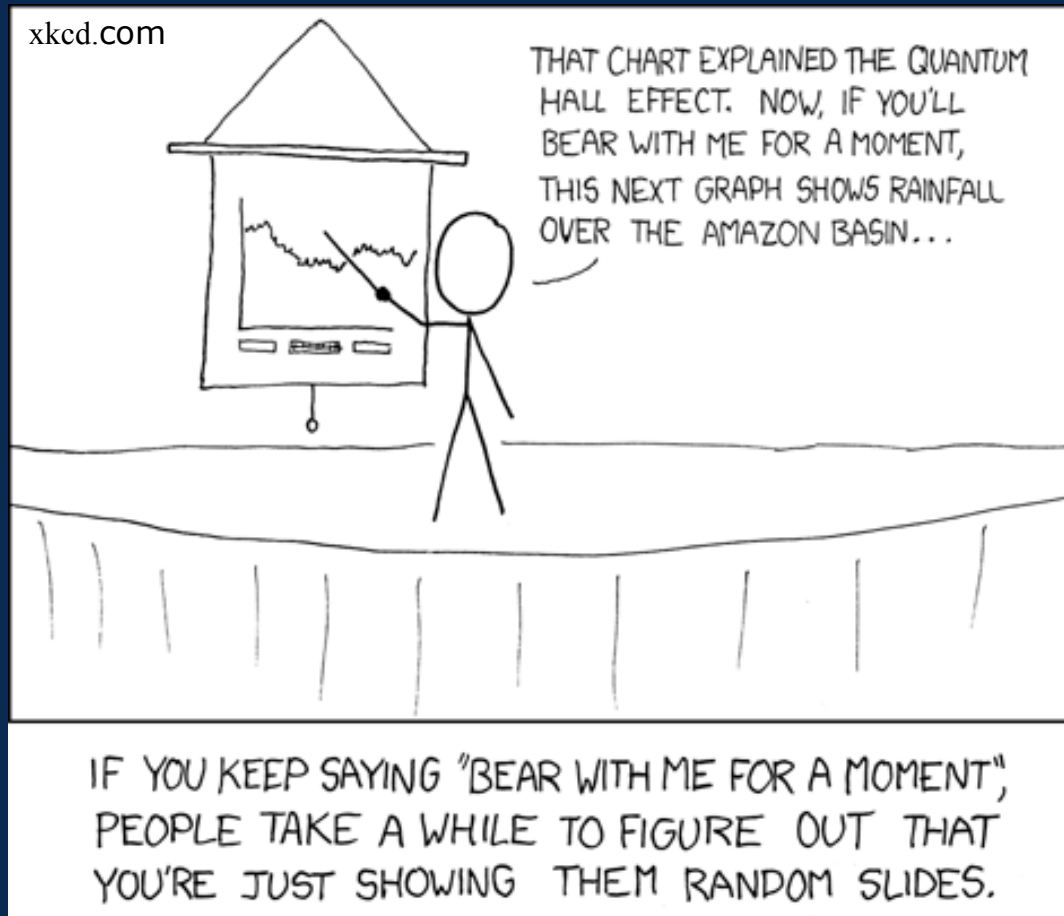
End

[Bäumer1998] The Role Object Pattern
Dirk Bäumer, et al.
Washington University Dept. of Computer Science (1998)

[Gianotti2012] Status of Standard Model Higgs searches in ATLAS
Fabiola Gianotti
Representing the ATLAS Collaboration, CERN (2012)

[Kühn2013] Tools and Materials in the Context of Cyber-Physical Systems
Thomas Kühn
Diplomarbeit, TU Dresden (2013)

[Piesk1997] Natürlichsprachliche Interaktion mit autonomen 3D-Charakteren Konzeption und Implementierung eines virtuellen Darstellers als dialogfähigen Agenten.
Jens Piesk
Diplomarbeit, Köln (1997)

[Wirth1995] A Plea for Lean Software
Niklaus Wirth
Computer 28.2 (1995)