

45. How to Synchronize Models with Triple Graph Grammars for Data Connection

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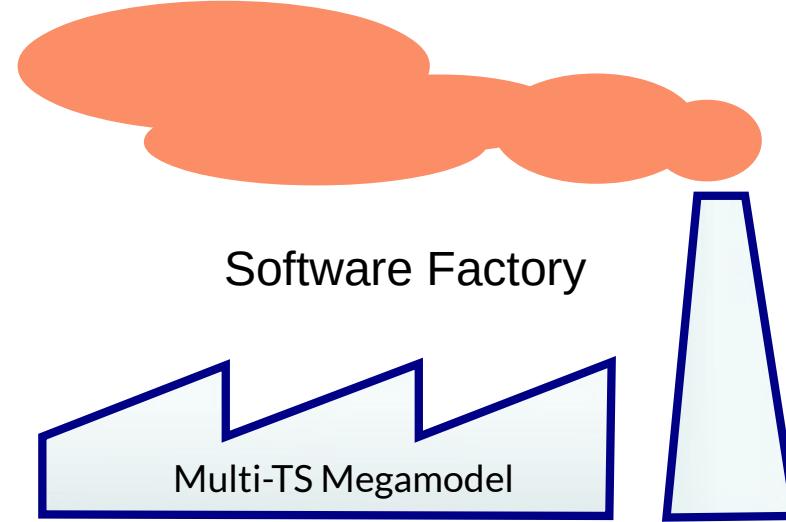
- 1) Triple Graph Grammars
- 2) TGG in MOFLON
- 3) Using TGG in MOFLON

Literature

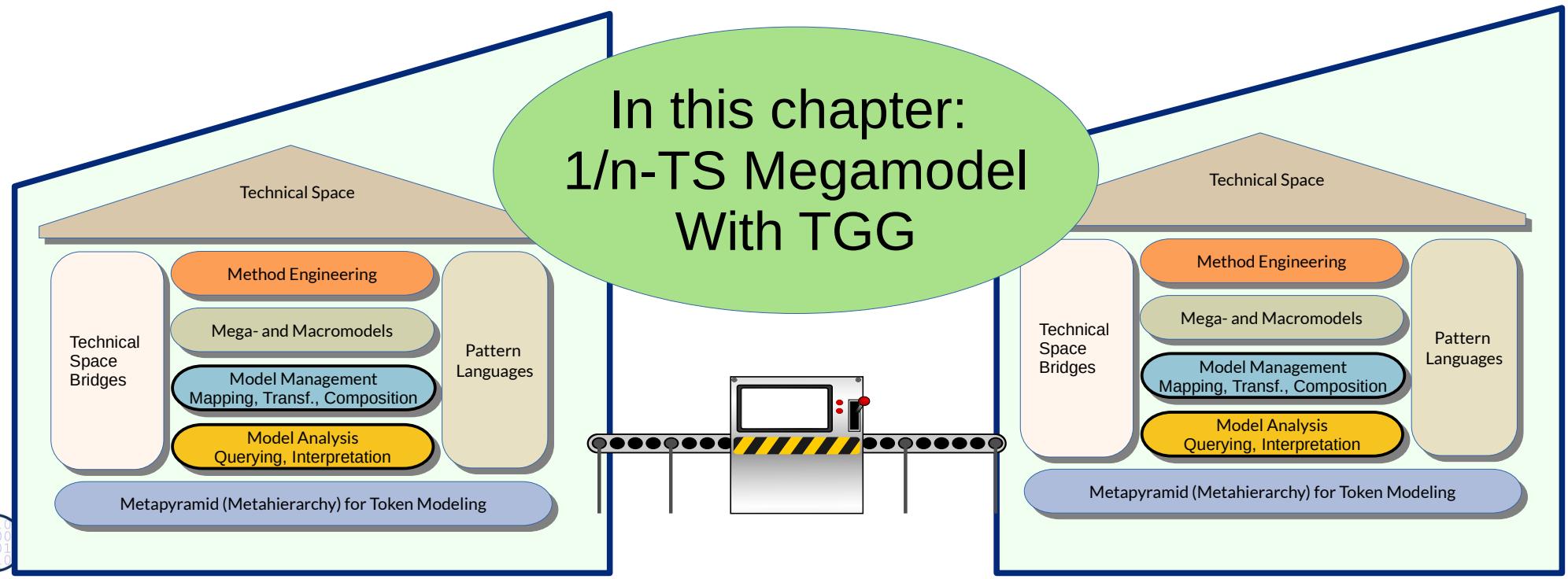
- ▶ Anthony Anjorin, Erhan Leblebici, and Andy Schürr. 20 years of triple graph grammars: A roadmap for future research. ECEASST, 73, 2015.
- ▶ F. Klar, A. Königs, A. Schürr: "Model Transformation in the Large", Proceedings of the the 6th joint meeting of the European software engineering conference and the ACM SIGSOFT symposium on the foundations of software engineering, New York: ACM Press, 2007; ACM Digital Library Proceedings, 285-294. <http://www.idt.mdh.se/esec-fse-2007/>
- ▶ www.fujaba.de
- ▶ www.moflon.org, <https://emoflon.org/>
 - <https://paper.dropbox.com/doc/Meta-Modelling-with-eMoflonCore--ArVO3r~~geAdwkL9vVBUTzKZAg-zyOqELGZ0X9jL85TAs7pf>
- ▶ T. Fischer, J. Niere, L. Torunski, and A. Zündorf, 'Story Diagrams: A new Graph Rewrite Language based on the Unified Modeling Language', in Proc. of the 6th International Workshop on Theory and Application of Graph Transformation (TAGT), Paderborn, Germany (G. Engels and G. Rozenberg, eds.), LNCS 1764, pp. 296--309, Springer Verlag, November 1998.
<http://www.upb.de/cs/ag-schaefer/Veroeffentlichungen/Quellen/Papers/1998/TAGT1998.pdf>



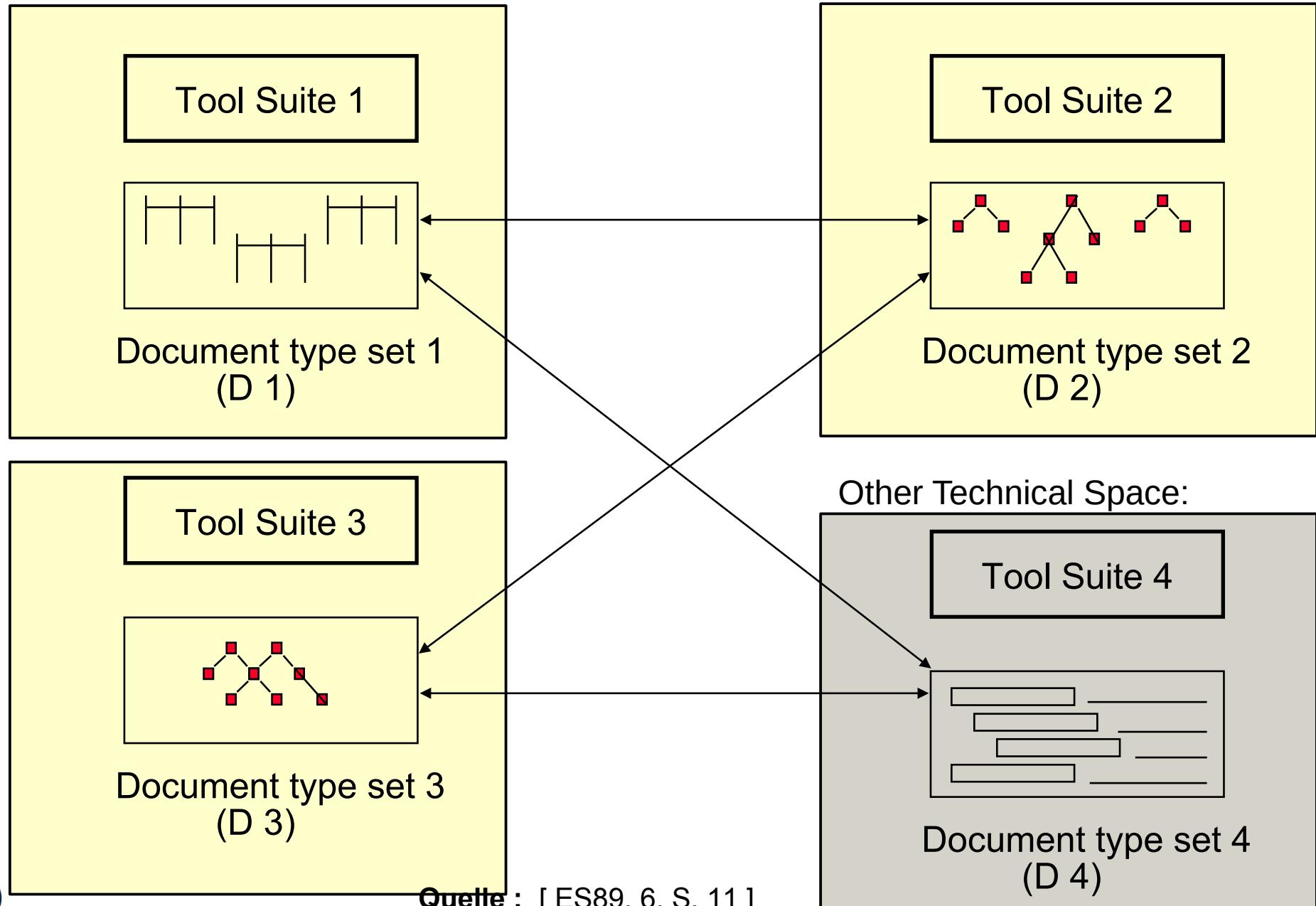
Q11: A Software Factory's Heart: the Multi-TS Megamodel



In this chapter:
1/n-TS Megamodel
With TGG



Integration of Tool Suites by Data Connection



45.1 „Synchronizing“ models with Triple Graph Grammars

Mapping graphs to other graphs

Specification of mappings with mapping rules

Incremental transformation

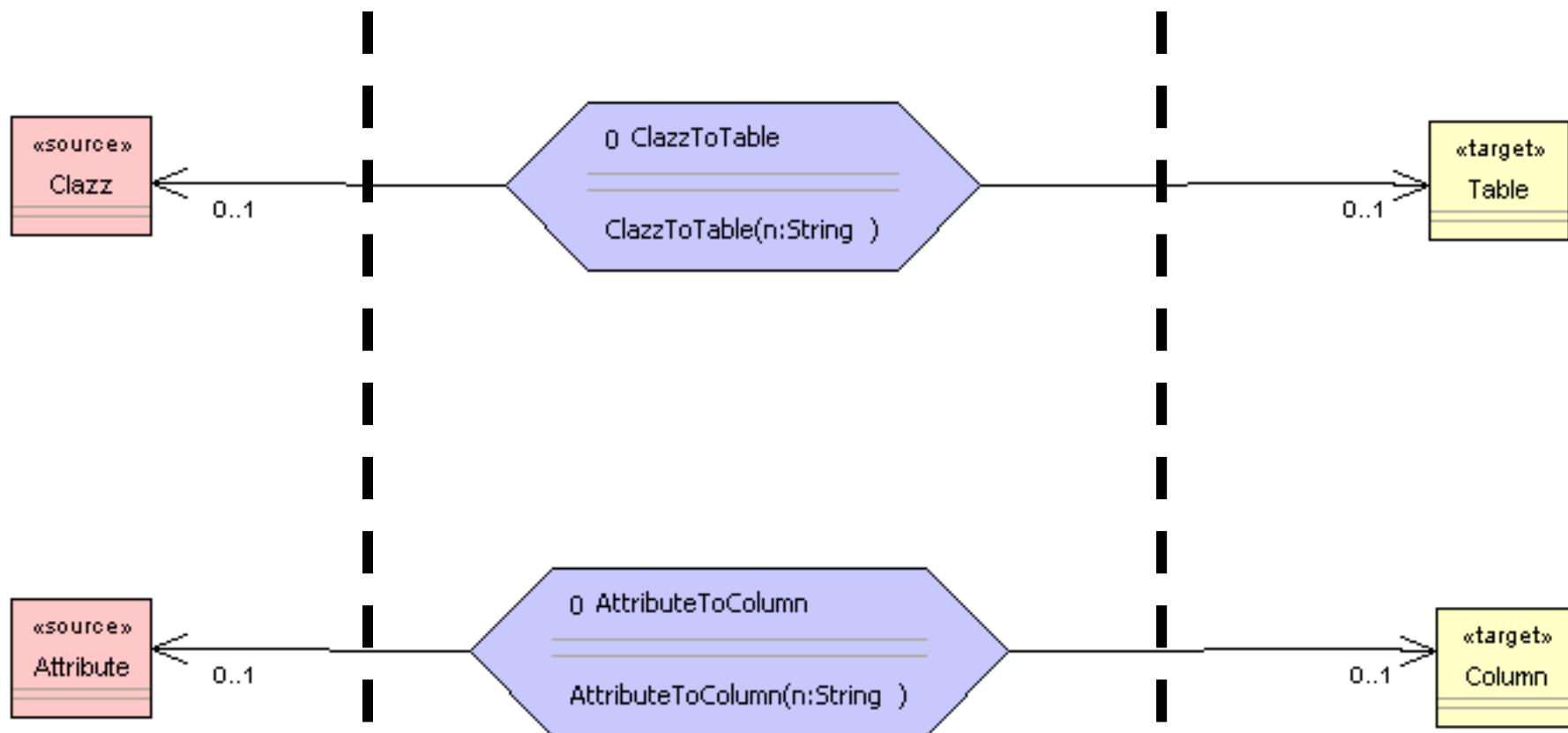
Traceability



DRESDEN
concept
Exzellenz aus
Wissenschaft
und Kultur

Triple Graph Grammars – Moflon Example

- ▶ A **Triple Graph Grammar (TGG)** is a mapping-oriented transformation system, consisting of rules with three „areas“ (better called **metamodel mapping grammars**)
 - Left side: (source) graph pattern 1 in (source) graph 1
 - Right side: (target) graph pattern 2 in (target) graph 2
 - Middle: relational expression (net) relating graph pattern 1 and 2 (trace model)

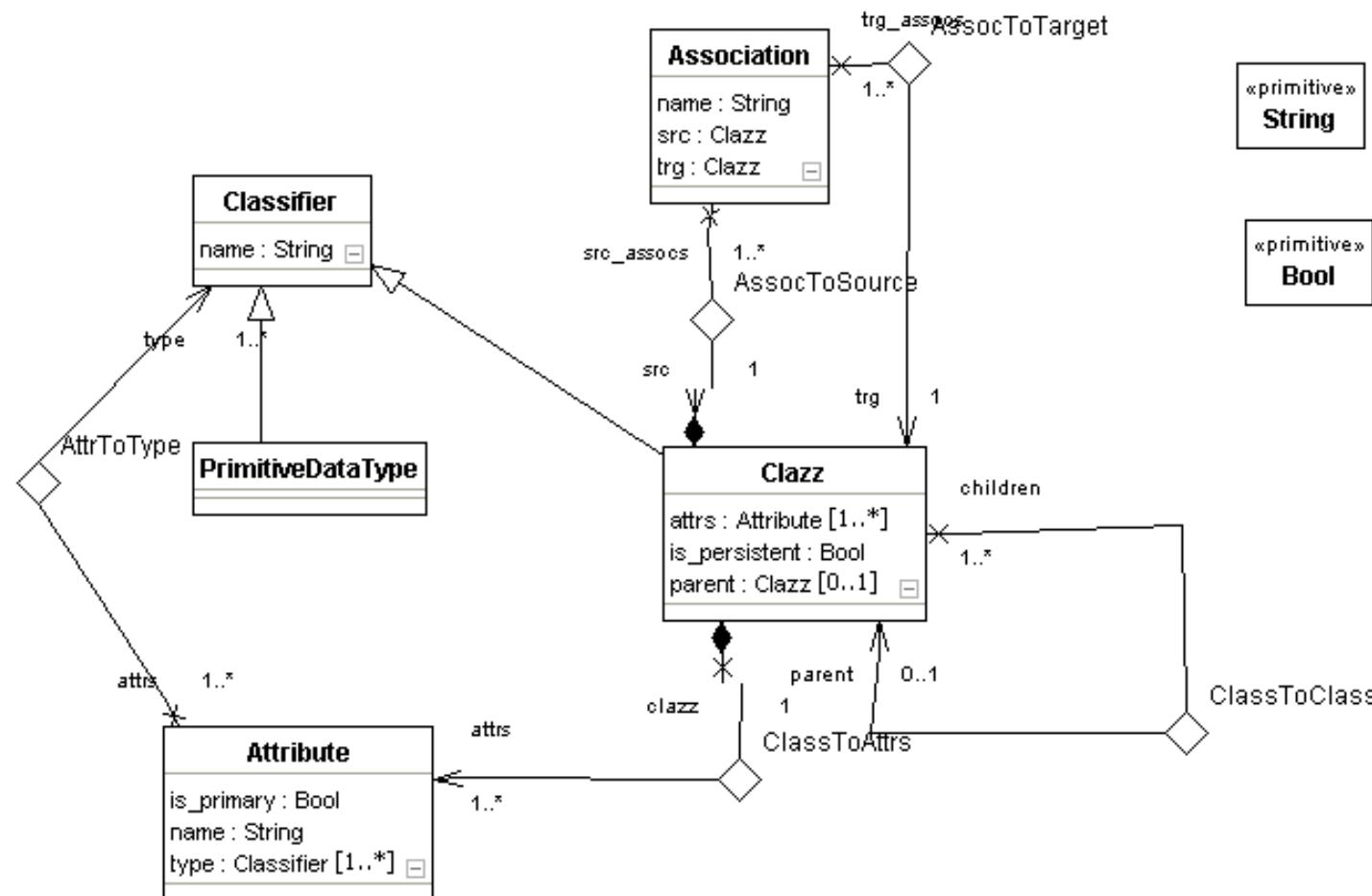


Triple Graph Grammars – Class Diagram Metamodel (CD)

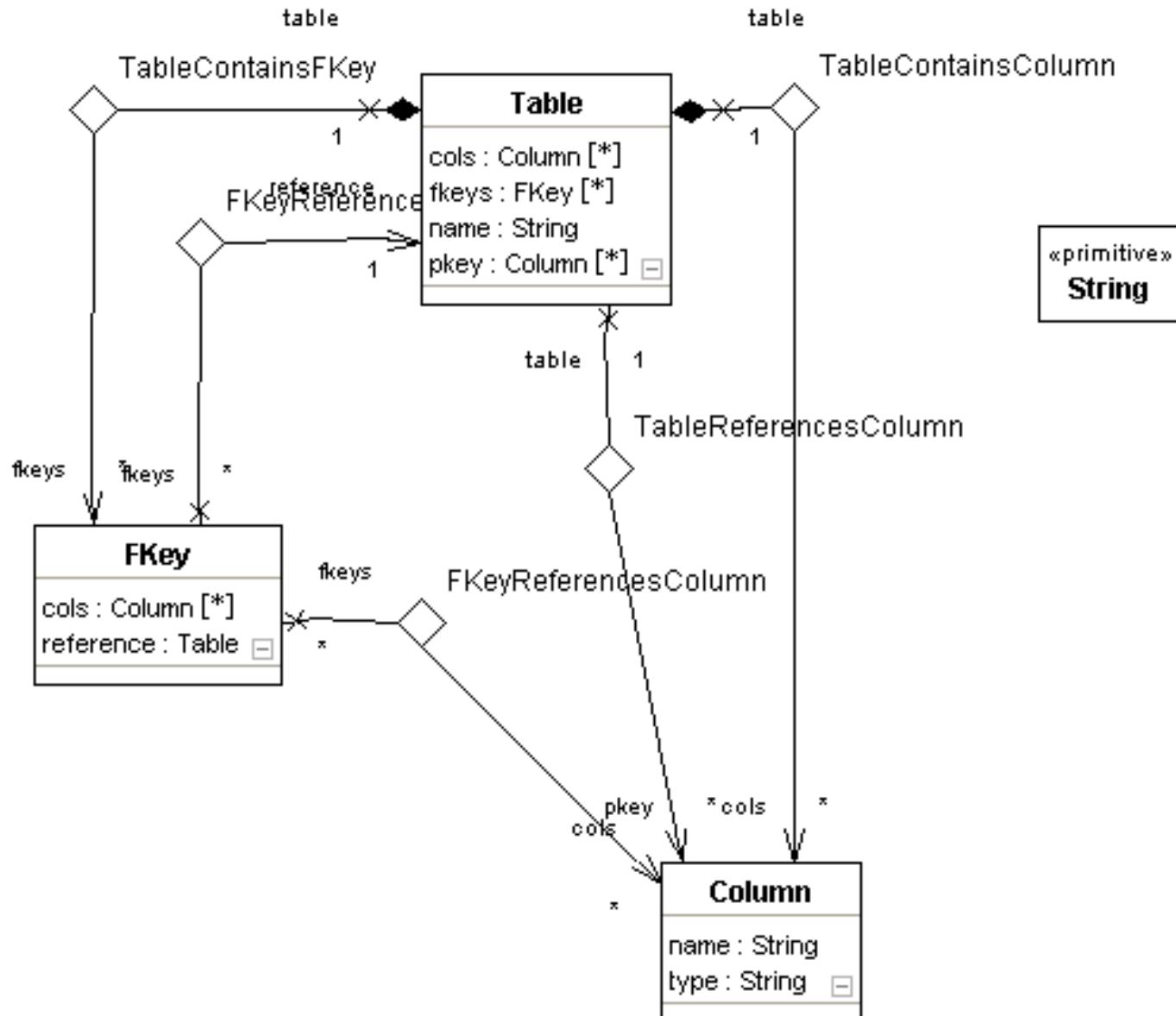
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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- ▶ Synchronize Class-Diagram-metamodel (CD) with a relational schema (RS): object-relational mapping (ORM)

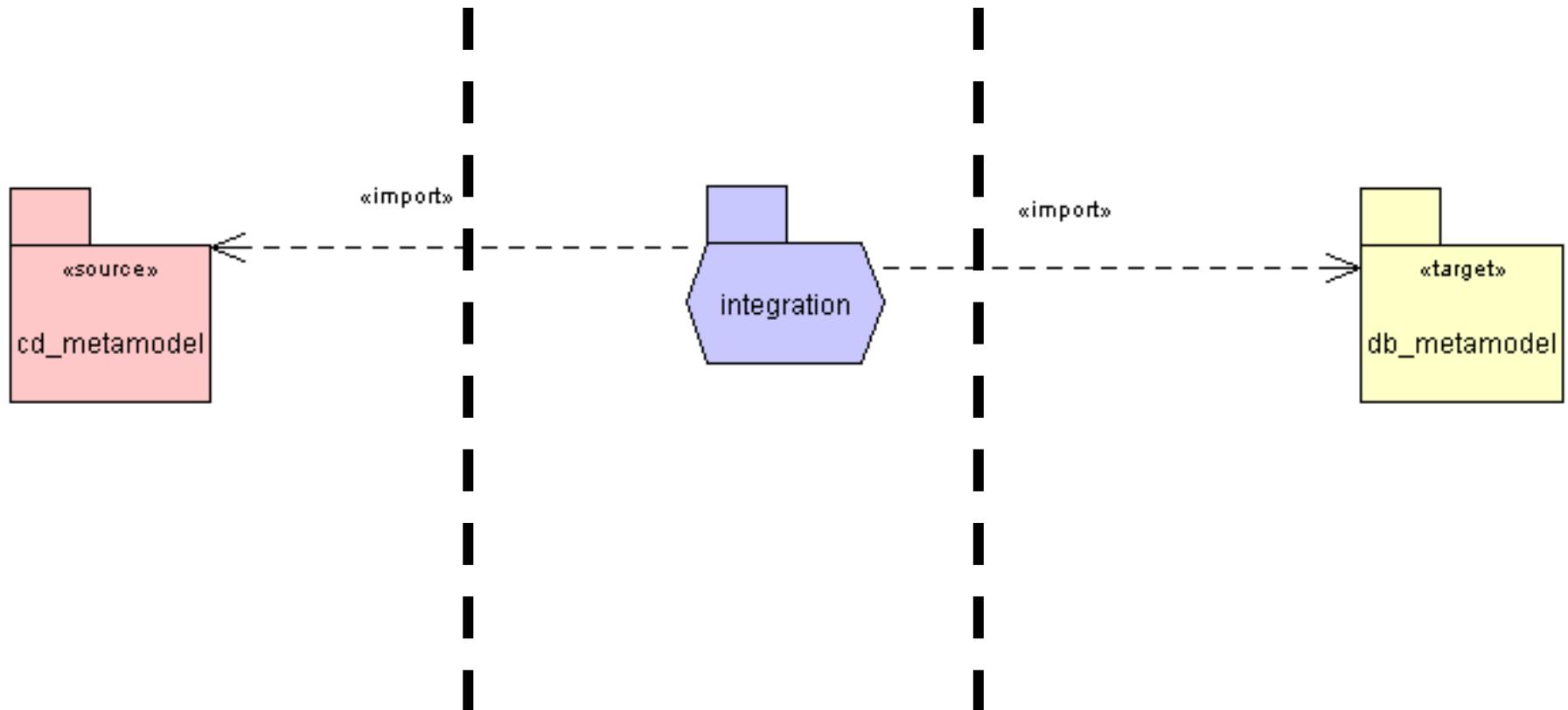


Relational Metamodel (DB, relational schema)



Triple Graph Grammars – Example

- ▶ The metamodel mapping grammar of a TGG has a top rule (start rule) which describes the relationship of the graphs on topmost level

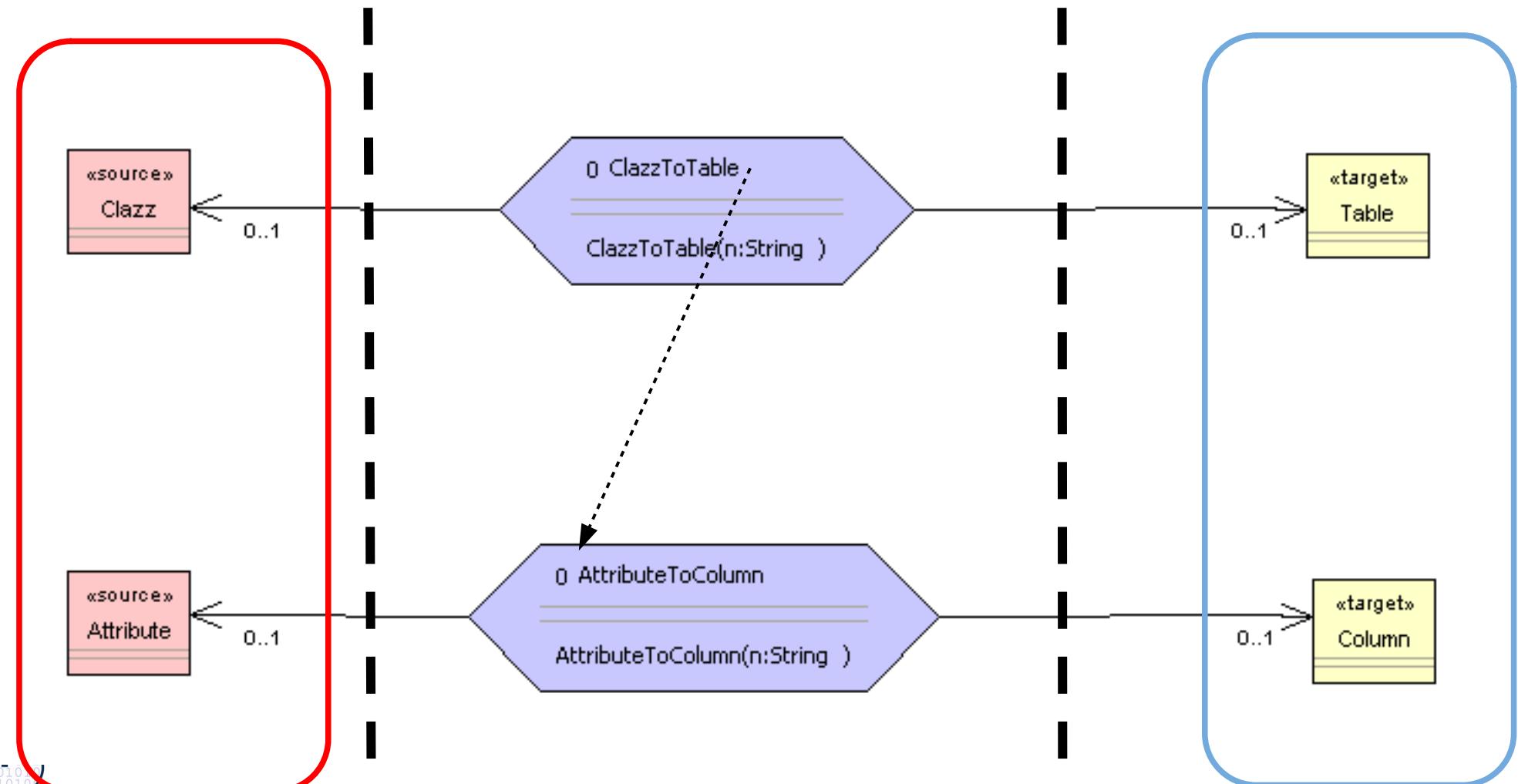


Triple Graph Grammars – Example

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- ▶ From the top-rule, other TGG rules are associated („called“)
- ▶ In this case, the TGG only checks (black color – TEST)
- ▶ What happens, if both sides are in different Technical Spaces?



TGG Specify Transformation Bridges Between Roles and Technical Spaces

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- ▶ TGG can also be used to synchronize Material roles
 - between two material objects
 - in different repositories
 - even in different technical spaces
- ▶ Only assumption: 1:1 mappings of model elements

TGG are a fine technique to build *transformation bridges for data connection* between tools, even in different technical spaces.



45.2. Triple Graph Grammars in MOFLON

- ▶ MOFLON in MOF Technical Space
- ▶ eMOFLON in EMOF TS

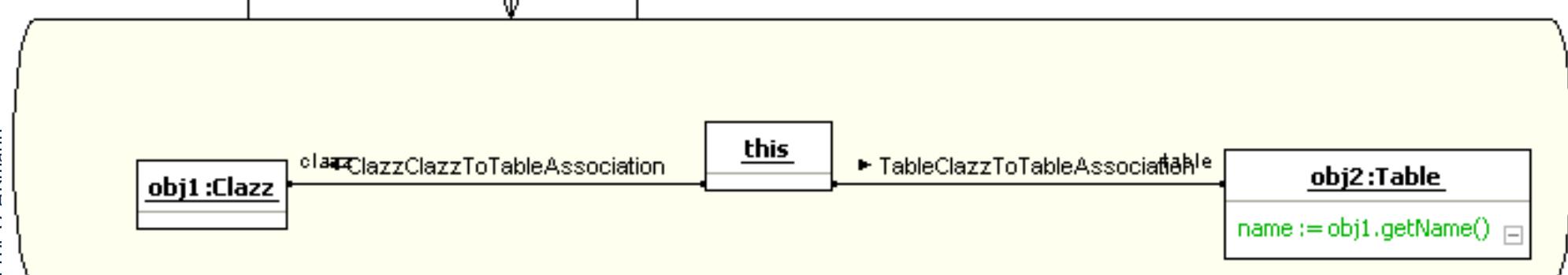
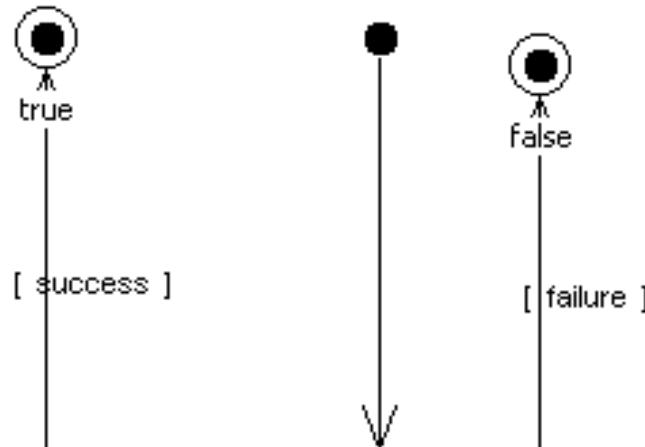
Triple Graph Grammars – Moflon Example

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- ▶ Because they are named, TGG rules can be started by Fujaba Storyboards

Clazz.ToTable::performForwardAttributeValuePropagation (): Boolean

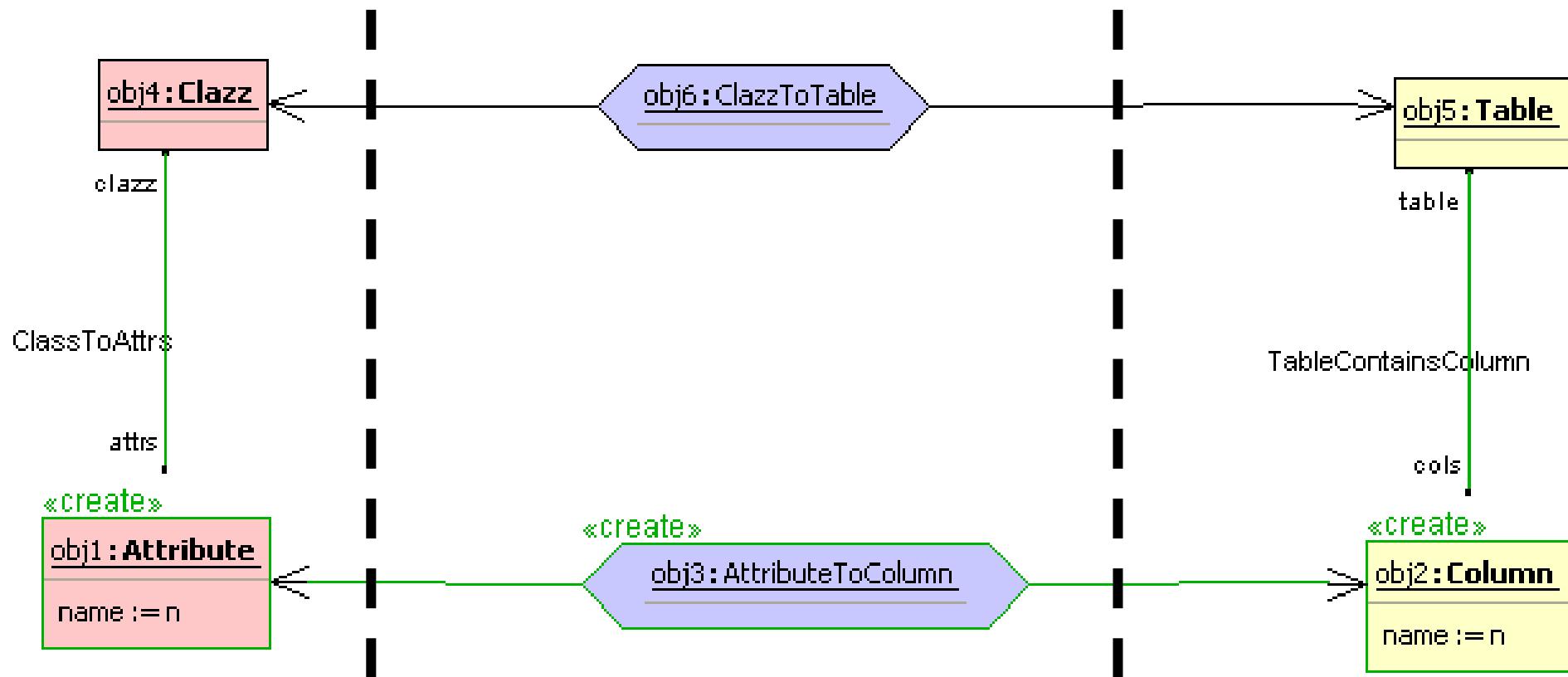


Triple Graph Grammars – Moflon Example

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

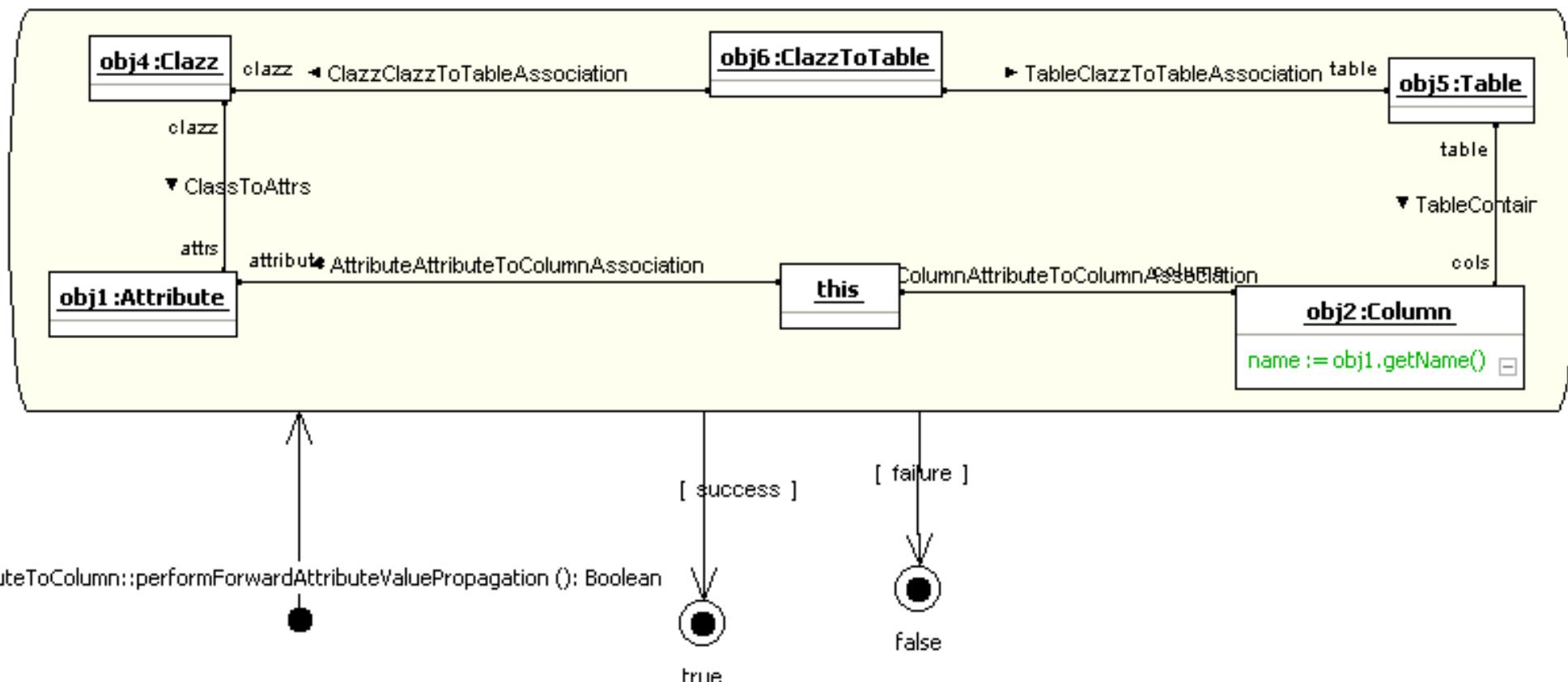
- ▶ Pairwise correspondance of model elements on both sides
- ▶ Here, objects on the lower level are created anew



Triple Graph Grammars – Moflon Example

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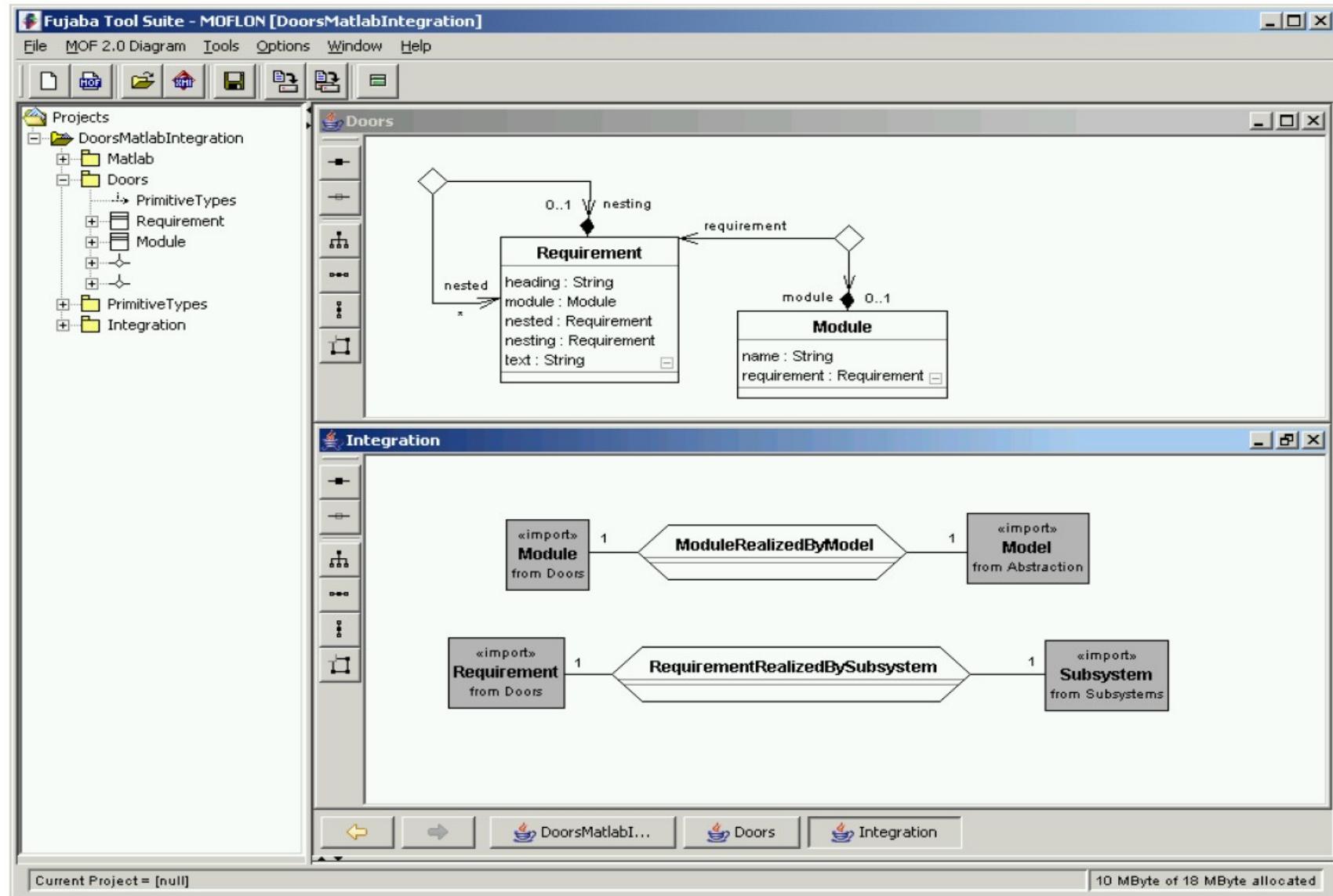
Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)



Ex. 2: TGG Coupling of Requirements Specification and Design

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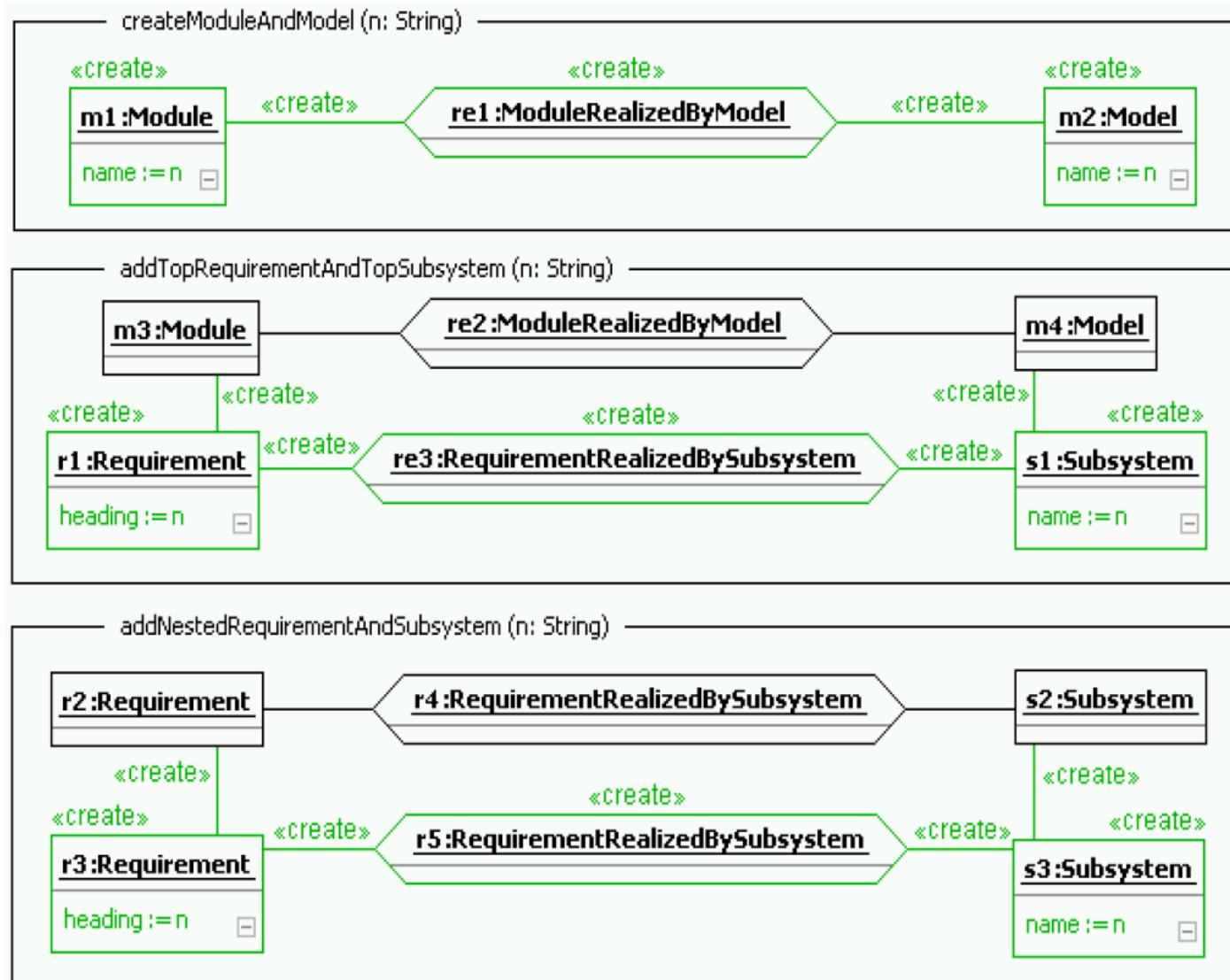
Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)



TGG Coupling Requirements Specification and Design

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)



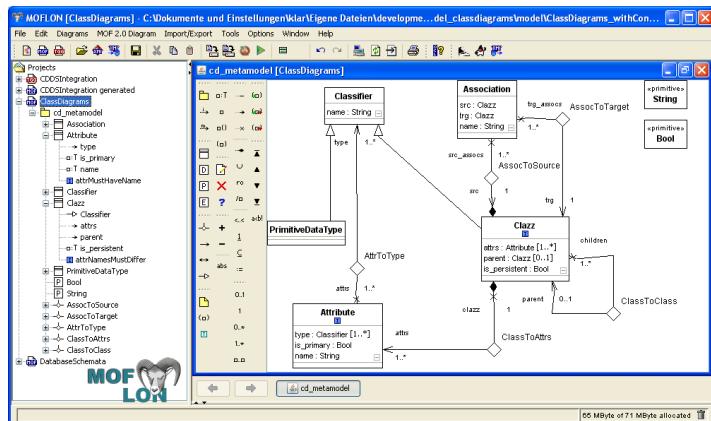
45.3. Using Triple Graph Grammars in MOFLON

Example: Tool Integration Scenario TiE-CD-DB: (ClassDiagrams / DatabaseSchema)

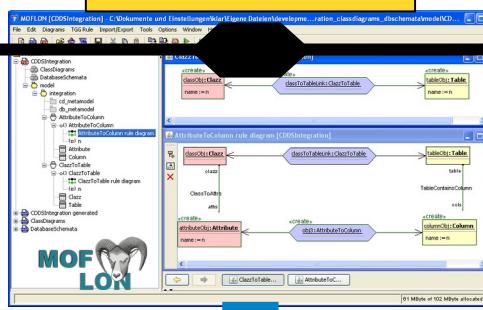
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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

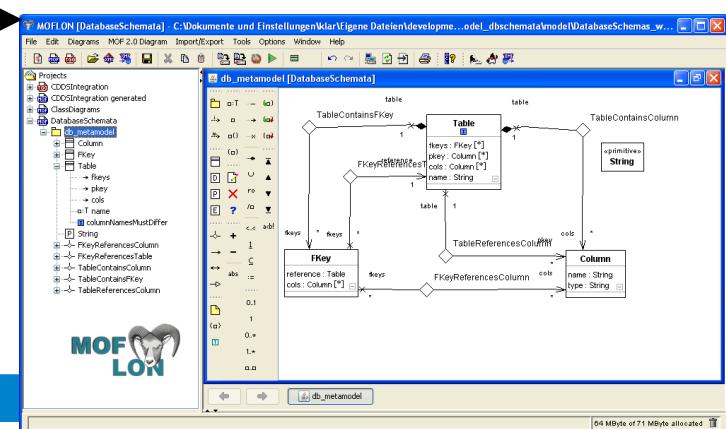
Class Diagrams Metamodel



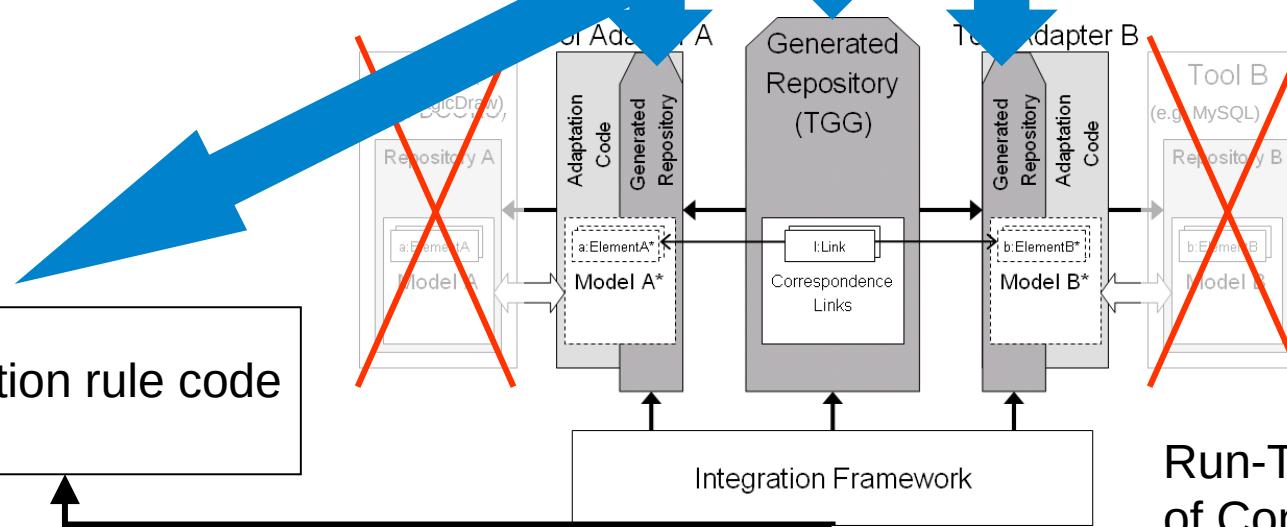
TGGs relate



Database Schemata Metamodel



MOFLON generates



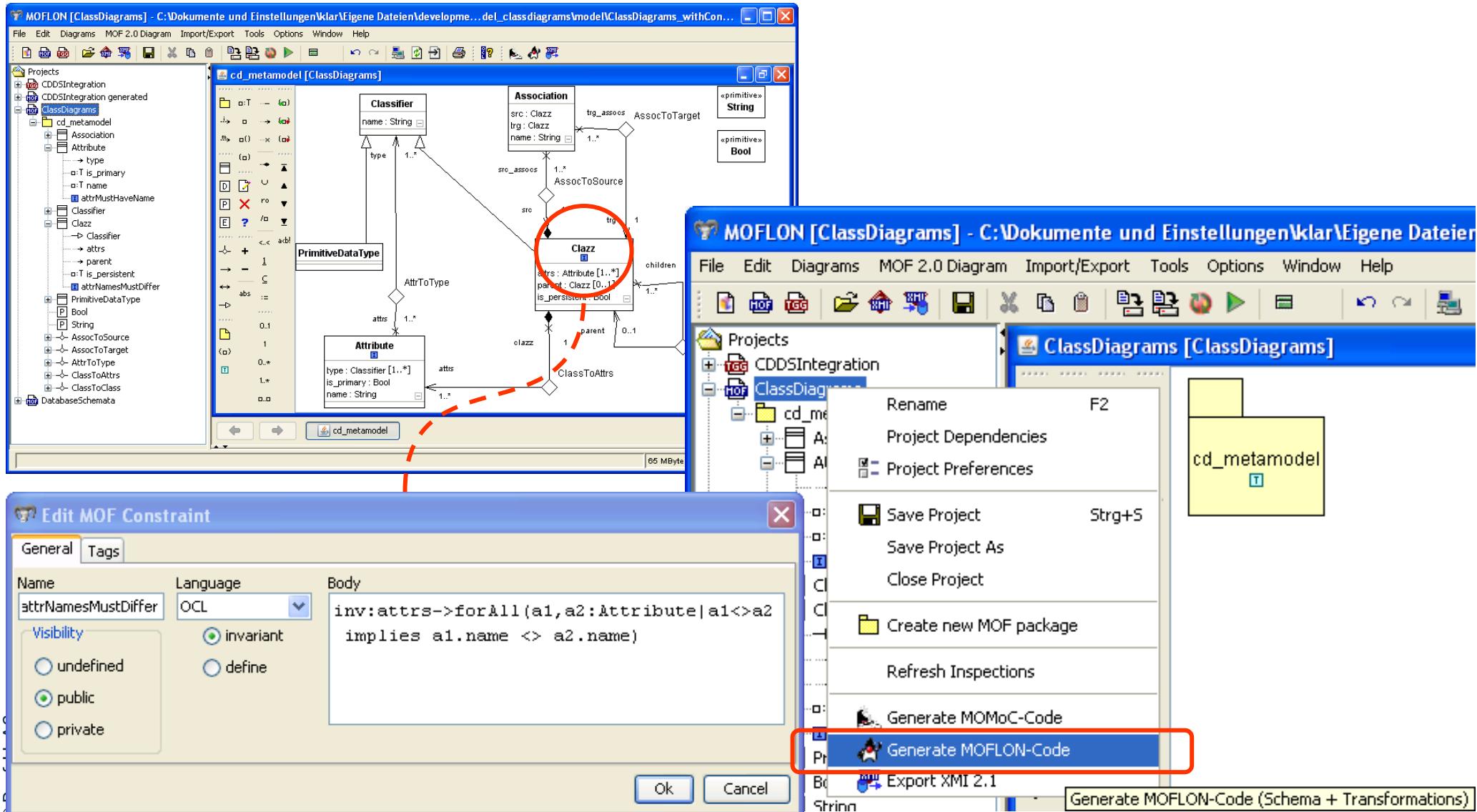
Run-Time Verification
of Constraints

TiE-CD-DB – Constraints in Class Diagrams (1)

Generate Code from MOF model (CD metamodel)

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)



TiE-CD-DB – Constraints in Class Diagrams (2)

Integration Framework

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

The screenshot illustrates the TiE Integration Framework interface. At the top, there are two windows: "load CD metamodel" and "load CD model". The "load CD metamodel" window shows configuration details for tool adapters, source domains, target domains, and link domains. The "load CD model" window shows a toolbar with various icons for model operations like init, save, edit, and merge. A red box highlights the "load CD metamodel" window.

A large red box highlights a "Constraint Validation" dialog box. It displays three error messages:

- source domain model does not fulfill its constraints:
constraint named 'attrNamesMustDiffer' is violated in instance: Customer: inv:attrs->forAll(a1,a2:Attribute|a1<>a2 implies a1.name <> a2.name)
- constraint named 'attrMustHaveName' is violated in instance: : inv:name.size()>0
- association 'cd_metamodel.ClazzToAttrs', memberEnd 'attrs': size of links is out of bounds in context 'Order:cd_metamodel.Clazz': should be [1,unbounded] but is 0: inv: attrs->size()>=1 and attrs->size()<=unbounded

An "OK" button is visible at the bottom of the dialog.

The main workspace shows a "SOURCE" view with a tree structure of classes and attributes. A red box highlights the "SOURCE" tree. A blue arrow points from the "TARGET" section of the workspace to the "model violates constraints" message. Another red box highlights the "TARGET" section of the workspace.

model violates constraints:

- class „Customer“ has two attributes with same name: „name“
- attribute in class „Address“ has no name
- multiplicity violation: class „Order“ has no attribute but according to CD metamodel every class must have one

visualization of classdiagrams model (here: source domain)

initialize integration ready.

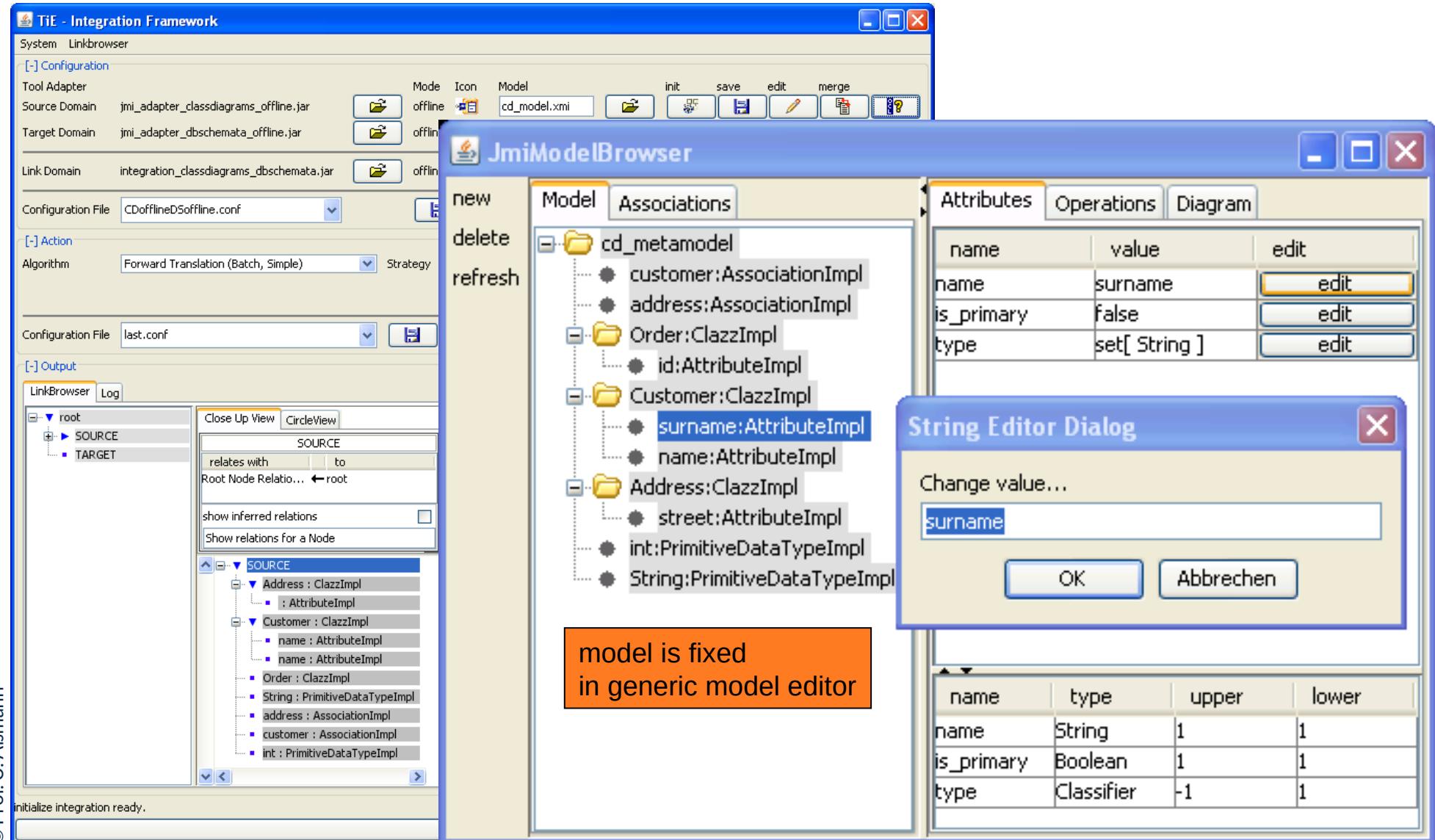
GC

TiE-CD-DB – Constraints in Class Diagrams (3)

Model Browser

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)



TiE-CD-DB – Constraints in Class Diagrams (4) Integration Framework

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

The screenshot shows the TiE - Integration Framework application interface. On the left, the 'Linkbrowser' tab is active, displaying a tree view of the model structure under 'root'. The 'SOURCE' node is expanded, showing classes like Address, Customer, and Order, each with their attributes. A 'TARGET' node is also present. On the right, a large window titled 'Constraint Validation' displays the message: 'source domain model fulfills its constraints'. An 'Ok' button is at the bottom right of this window. Above the validation window, an orange box contains the text: 'translation process may start now...'. The bottom left of the screen shows the text 'initialize source ready.'

TiE - Integration Framework

System Linkbrowser

[-] Configuration

Tool Adapter

Source Domain jmi_adapter_classdiagrams_offline.jar Mode offline Icon cd_model.xmi init save edit merge

Target Domain jmi_adapter_dbschemata_offline.jar unknown ds_empty.xmi

Link Domain integration_classdiagrams_dbschemata.jar unknown cdds_empty.xmi

Configuration File CDofflineDOffline.conf

[-] Action

Algorithm Forward Translation (Batch, Simple) Strategy Unsorted Simple Log Level WARN

Configuration File last.conf

[-] output

LinkBrowser Log

root

SOURCE

relates with to

show inferred relations

Show relations for a Node

TARGET

SOURCE

Address : ClazzImpl

street : AttributeImpl

Customer : ClazzImpl

name : AttributeImpl

surname : AttributeImpl

Order : ClazzImpl

id : AttributeImpl

String : PrimitiveDataTypeImpl

address : AssociationImpl

customer : AssociationImpl

Initialize source ready.

GC

Constraint Validation

source domain model fulfills its constraints

Ok

translation process
may start now...

TiE-CD-DB – Constraints in Class Diagrams (5)

Forward Translation to DB representation

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

TiE - Integration Framework

System Linkbrowser

[-] Configuration

| Tool Adapter | Mode | Icon | Model |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Source Domain | jmi_adapter_classdiagrams_offline.jar | offline | cd_model.xmi |
| Target Domain | jmi_adapter_dbschemata_offline.jar | unknown | ds_empty.xmi |

Link Domain integration_classdiagrams_dbschemata.jar Mode unknown Model cdds_empty.xmi

Configuration File CDofflineDSoffline.conf

[-] Action

Algorithm Forward Translation (Batch, Simple) Strategy Unsorted Simple

Configuration File last.conf

[-] Output

LinkBrowser Log

Close Up View CircleView

relates with | to

show inferred relations

Show relations for a Node

SOURCE

- Address : ClazzImpl
 - street : AttributeImpl
- Customer : ClazzImpl
 - name : AttributeImpl
 - surname : AttributeImpl
- Order : ClazzImpl
 - id : AttributeImpl
 - String : PrimitiveDataTypeImpl
 - address : AssociationImpl
 - customer : AssociationImpl

TARGET

initialize source ready.

TiE - Integration Framework

System Linkbrowser

[-] Configuration

| Tool Adapter | Mode | Icon | Model | init | save | edit | merge |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------------|------|------|-------|
| Source Domain | jmi_adapter_classdiagrams_offline.jar | offline | cd_model.xmi | CDofflineDSoffline.conf | init | save | edit |
| Target Domain | jmi_adapter_dbschemata_offline.jar | offline | 2414.xmi | init | save | edit | merge |

Link Domain integration_classdiagrams_dbschemata.jar Mode offline Model 2414.xmi

Configuration File last.conf

[-] Action

Algorithm Forward Translation (Batch, Simple) Strategy Unsorted Simple Log Level WARN

Configuration File last.conf

[-] Output

LinkBrowser Log

Close Up View CircleView

relates with | to

show inferred relations

Show relations for a Node

SOURCE

- Address : ClazzImpl
 - street : AttributeImpl
- Customer : ClazzImpl
 - name : AttributeImpl
 - surname : AttributeImpl
- Order : ClazzImpl
 - id : AttributeImpl
 - String : PrimitiveDataTypeImpl
 - address : AssociationImpl
 - customer : AssociationImpl
 - int : PrimitiveDataTypeImpl

TARGET

Address : TableImpl
street : ColumnImpl
Customer : TableImpl
name : ColumnImpl
surname : ColumnImpl
Order : TableImpl
id : ColumnImpl

perform operation ready.

Other Software Engineering Applications of Model Synchronization

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Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- ▶ Mapping a PIM to a PSM in Model-Driven Architecture
- ▶ Graph Structurings (see course ST-II)
- ▶ Refactorings (see Course DPF)
- ▶ Semantic refinements
- ▶ Round-Trip Engineering (RTE)



The End: What Have We Learned

- ▶ Graph rewrite systems are tools to transform graph-based models and graph-based program representations
- ▶ MOFLON supports OCL queries and constraints
- ▶ TGG enable to bidirectionally map models and synchronize them
- ▶ Why can a TGG also be called a *metamodel mapping grammar*?