

Fakultät Informatik - Institut Software- und Multimediatechnik - Softwaretechnologie - Prof. Aßmann - Software as a Business

"We have only started on our development of our country—we have not as yet, with all our talk of wonderful progress, done more than scratch the surface."

"One who fears the future, who fears failure, limits his activities." Henry Ford. My Life and Work. [www.gutenberg.org EBook #7213].

## Part IV. 03. The Lean Startup Innovation Process

Prof. Dr. Uwe Aßmann Softwaretechnologie Fakultät Informatik Technische Universität Dresden 2019-0.3 11/4/19 http://st.inf.tu-dresden.de/teaching/saab

- 1) What is "Lean Startup"?
- 2) On the Way to the MVP
- 3) Triple SCRUM in a Lean Startup
- 4) Assessing Maturity of Canvases
- 5) Determining Minimal Viable Feature Set, Key Features and the MVP with Feature Trees
- 6) Canvas Cactus and Triple SCRUM

### **Obligatory Literature**

#### 2 Software as a Business

- http://theleanstartup.com/
- http://www.gruenderszene.de/lexikon/begriffe/lean-startup
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lean\_startup
- [Blank-HBR] Steve Blank. Why the Lean Start-Up Changes Everything. Harvard Business Review, May 2013. Free to read here:
  - https://hbr.org/2013/05/why-the-lean-start-up-changes-everything

Eric (Ries) dubbed the combination of customer development and agile practices the "lean start-up".

[Steve Blank in Blank-HBR]

.... 75% of all start-ups fail.

[Steve Blank in Blank-HBR]

#### **Internet Links**

- Course with videos on startup foundation
  - http://startupclass.samaltman.com/
- http://www.whiteboardmag.com/confessions-of-a-lean-startup-how-i-got-my-firstcustomers-without-having-a-product/



#### Literature

- Henry Ford. My Life and Work. [www.gutenberg.org EBook #7213].
- [Osterwalder/Pigneur] Alexander Osterwalder. Ives Pigneur. Business Model Generation. Wiley. !Fantastic!
- Ash Maurya. How to Create Your Lean Canvas. http://leanstack.com/LeanCanvas.pdf
- [Oddoy] Manuel Oddoy. Softwareentwicklung mit natürlicher Sprache ("Lean Modelling"), Belegarbeit, TU Dresden, Jan. 2014. Supervised by Christian Wende, www.devboost.de
- [Korger] Christina Korger. Organisierte Software-Startups mit kollaborativen Canvases. Großer Beleg. Technische Universität Dresden, 2014.
  - http://nbn-resolving.de/urn:nbn:de:bsz:14-qucosa-160539
- Chris Rupp. Dirk Schüpferling. Warum Sie in Interviews nie die ganze Wahrheit erfahren. Artikelreihe, http://jaxenter.de
  - https://jaxenter.de/warum-sie-in-interviews-nie-die-ganze-wahrheiterfahren-fragen-und-antworten-3-3477



## Books

- [BlankDorf] Steve Blank, Bob Dorf, Nils Högsdal, Daniel Bartel. Das Handbuch für Startups – die deutsche Ausgabe von 'The Startup Owner's Manual'. Deutsche Übersetzung von Kathrin Lichtenberg. 2014. O'Reilly.
  - http://www.daniel-bartel.de/das-handbuch-fuumlr-startups.html
- [Ries] Eric Ries. Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses. O'Reilly, 2011
- [Maurya] Ash Maurya. Running Lean. Iterate from Plan A to a Plan That Works. O'Reilly, 2012.
- Ash Maurya. How to Create Your Lean Canvas. http://leanstack.com/LeanCanvas.pdf
- [LeanAnalytics] Alistair Croll, Benjamin Yoskowitz. Lean Analytics. O'Reilly, 2013
- [LeanUX] Jeff Gothelf, Josh Seiden. Lean UX: Applying Lean Principles to Improve User Experience. O'Reilly, 2013.
- [LeanCD] Cindy Alvarez. Lean Customer Development: Building Products Your Customers Will Buy. O'Reilly, 2014
- [LeanAML] Lutz Finger, Soumitra Dutta. Ask Measure Learn. Using Social Media Analytics to Understand and Influence Customer Behavior. O'Reilly 2014
- [SW-Industry] Peter Buxmann, Heiner Diefenbach, Thomas Hess. The Software Industry. Economic Principles, Strategies, Perspectives. Springer 2012



### Mentorings of Software Start-Ups

- 6 Software as a Business
  - Ubigrate 2008-2012
    - Boxes with RFID-Tags to automate logistics
  - Mentalmotive (2008-2015)
    - Environment for multimedia exchange
    - Www.mentalmotive.de
  - DevBoost (2012-today)
    - Software quality management tools
    - Consulting
    - Domain-specific languages
    - Www.devboost.de
  - Wandelbots (2017-today)
    - Www.wandelbots.de
    - Co-working robotics
    - Demonstration-based teaching of robots











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#### 03.1 What is "Lean Startup"?

#### Lean Startup = Lean Customer Modeling + BMC development + Lean Software Development

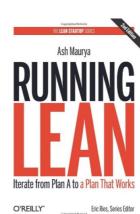
Lean Startup is a form of Agile Modeling and Agile Software Development.

#### The Proponents

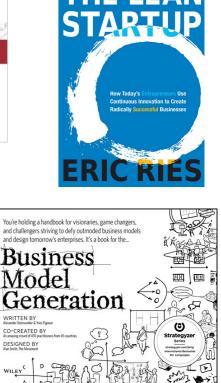
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- Steve Blank <u>http://steveblank.com/</u>
- **Fric Ries**
- Ash Maurya
- Alex Osterwalder
- **Ives Pigneur**









Lean Startup develops the business model of a startup with lean development techniques



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## Lean Startup, Lean Innovation, and Startup Maturity Level (SML)

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The Lean Innovation Process is a stage-gate process (Phasenmodell).

The Lean Innovation Process measures the innovation maturity level (IML) of the business model by metrics, to take in feedback to the process (agility).

The Lean Innovation Process maintains a canvas cactus and improves the maturity of the canvases with **hypothesis testing** about several fits - the problem-solution fit, the product-market fit (customer model fit) and scale fit.

The Lean Startup, the Lean Productization, and the Lean Service Definition are lean innovation processes with Startup Maturity Level, Product Maturity level, Service Maturity Level.

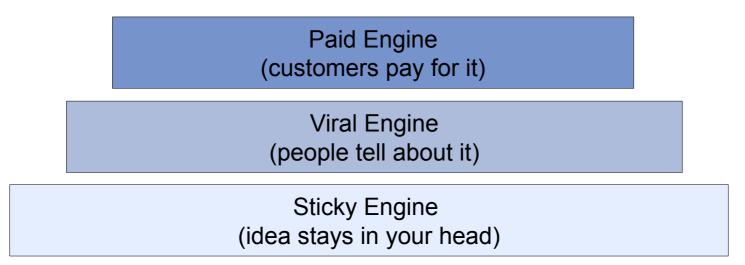


"If you can't measure it, you can't manage it." Peter Drucker [LeanAnalytics]



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[Ries] defined three "engines of growth" a startup can use to accelerate: First, the product must be sticky; then viral; then people will pay.

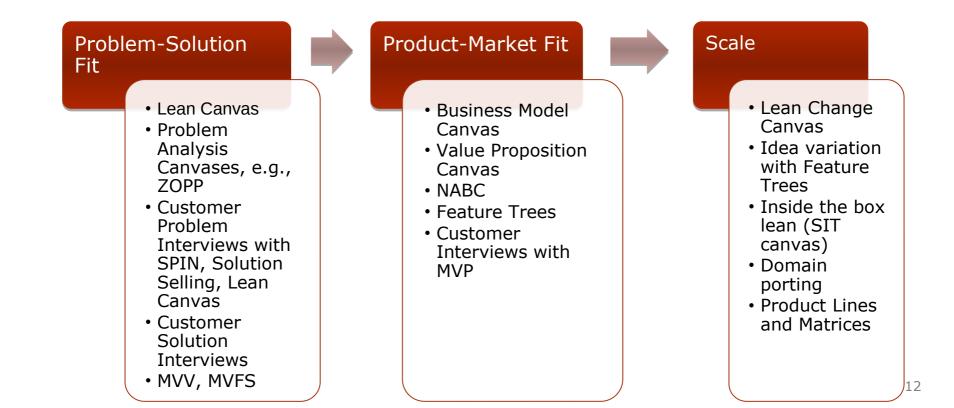




http://larslofgren.com/marketingbasics/the-three-engines-of-growth-with-eric-ries

## Lean Startup acc. To Maurya and its Lean Models in the Incubation Process

- Startups have to work on several flat Lean Canvases, in a canvas cactus (with evolution canvas megamodel)
- Three phases in [Maurya]





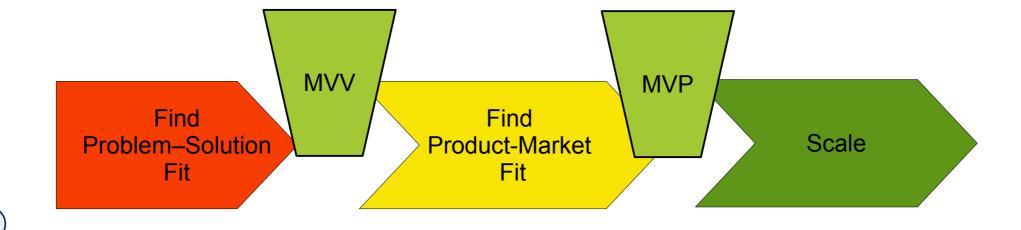
### Phase 1 "Problem-Solution Fit"

- Working out a "minimal viable vision (MVV)", i.e., a value proposition and business model in a MAPE-loop (Measure, Analyze, Predict, Evaluate)
- MVV-MAPE runs in several iterations and is driven by customer interviews
- Input: Cloudy idea
- Result: MVV low-fidelity Business Model Canvas 0.1



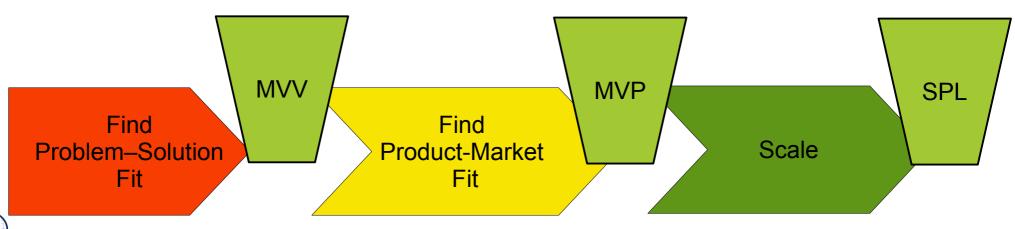


- Working out a minimal viable product (MVP) in a MAPE-loop (Measure, Analyze, Predict, Evaluate)
- MVP-MAPE loop runs in several iterations and is driven by customer MVP interviews and other metrics
- Input: Minimal viable vision (MVV) in form of green VPC, BMC
- Result: Feature Tree of Product with one configuration being implemented (MVP)
  - All other variants are postponed, but ranked





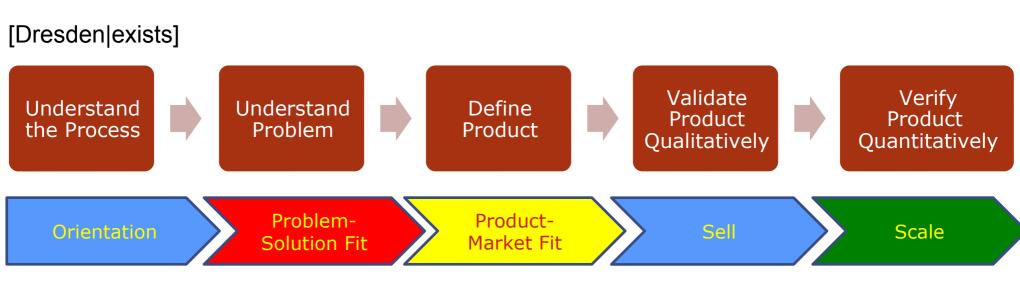
- Working out scaling business model and product or product line in a MAPE-loop
  - Work on stickiness (pressure \* awareness)
  - Work on virality (pressure \* awareness \* UCA)
- Input:
- MVP
- Feature tree of product
- Result:
- Feature Tree of Product Line with Business Model
- Horizontally ported Product Matrix
- Software or service ecosystem





## Other Stage-Gate Processes for Lean Innovation

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Customer Development, a company-centric process [Blank/Dorf] 2008

Customer Discovery

Customer Validation

Customer Creation

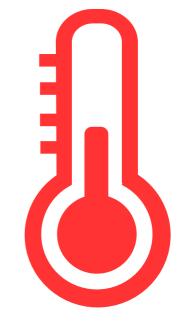
**Company Building** 



## Investment Readiness Level (IRL) Process of Blank

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- 1. First-Pass BMC (Investment Readiness Level 0.1)
- 2. Market Size and Compatitive Analysis
- 3. Validate Problem-Solution-Fit
- 4. Low Fidelity Prototype MVP (IRL 0.5)
- 5. Validated Product-Market Fit
  - 1. Customer Development
- 6. Validated Right Side of BMC
- 7. High Fidelity Prototype MVP (IRL 0.9)
- 8. Validate Left Side of Canvas
- 9. Validate other Metrics



Investment Readiness Level

MVP Development, a company-centric process [www.steveblank.com, Nov. 2013]

First Pass BMC

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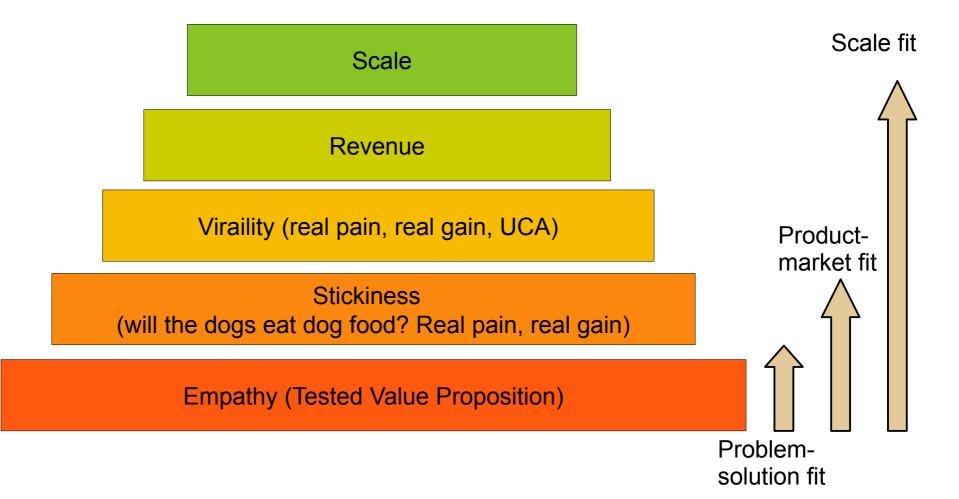


## The "Lean Analytics" Stages and Their Metrics

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[LeanAnalytics]

- The Lean Analytics Stages are a simple stage system for product/service productmarket fit. (this a variant of Ries' Engines)
- [LeanAnalytics] contains metrics for every stage





## McClure Pirate (Web) Metrics can be used as Stage-Gate Process

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Stage-inconsistent startups mix activities from different stages.

Referral (does a visitor recommend your website)

Revenue (does a visitor pay?)

Retention (stickiness) (does a one-time visitor return?)

Activation (which activities do they start on your website)

Acquisition (how do customers know from you?)



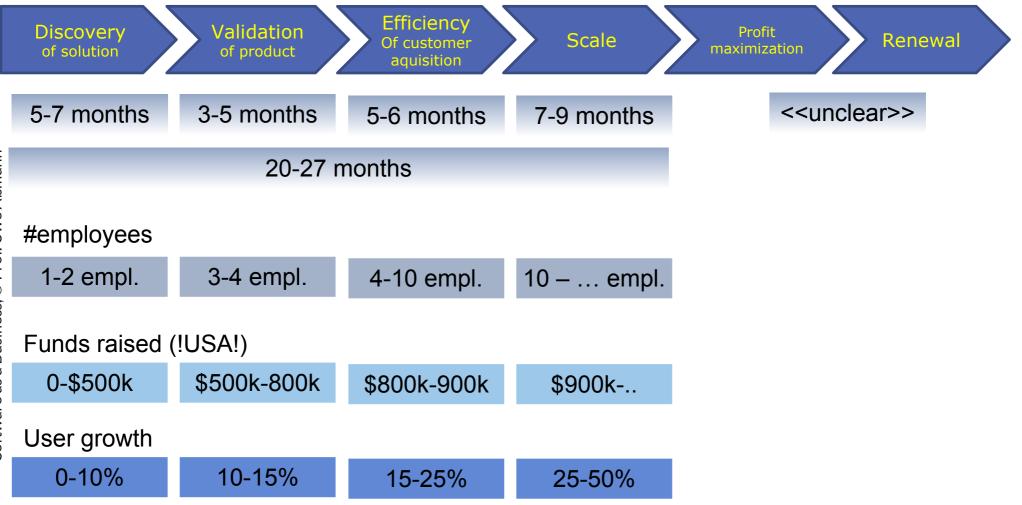
[Dave McClure http://www.slideshare.net/dmc500hats/startup-metrics-for-pirates-long-version]

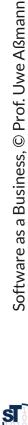


#### Marmer Report Stages

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Marmer Stages from the Startup Genome Report, a product-centric process [Marmer-Genome]





#### Max Marmer and Steve Blank in 2010

- http://steveblank.com/2011/05/29/tune-in-turn-on-drop-out-the-startup-genome-pro ject/
- "The email closed by saying, "The project is a hybrid between academic and entrepreneurial circles and I'd really love to begin a dialogue with people in the academic world also interested in solving this problem. Your name has come up a lot in that regard. Let me know if this interests you and if you have any time to speak."
- It was signed Max Marmer.
- I set up a meeting and at Cafe Borrone some kid who looked 18-years old came up to me and introduced himself as Max. "How old are you? I asked. "18," he replied.
- Holy sx!t."



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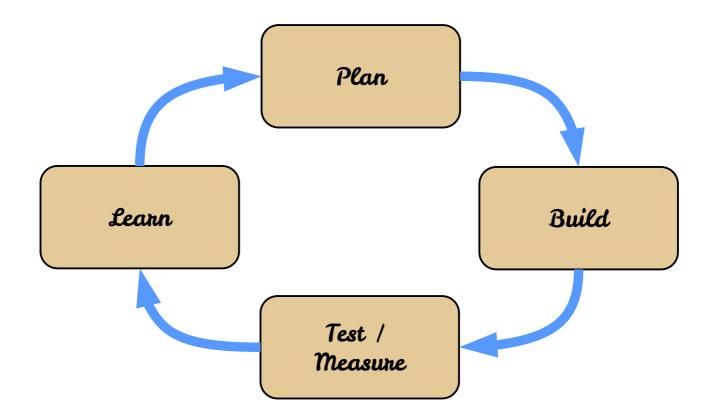
Stage-inconsistent startups mix activities from different stages.

- Therefore, it is advised to always know exactly in which phase a startup is
- Clear milestones should mark the transition between the stages



## The Lean Innovation (Startup) Spiral Model

- Instance of "Scientific Method" of Bacon and PDCA (Plan-Do-Check-Act)
- Plan Build Measure / Test Learn cycle [Maurya, Ries]
- Developing "Business Model Canvases" containing "Customer Hypotheses"





## Henry Ford about Service, Fear of the Future, and That the Whole is More than the Parts

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Henry Ford. My Life and Work. [www.gutenberg.org EBook #7213].

The institution that we have erected is performing a service. That is the only reason I have for talking about it. The principles of that service are these:

1. An absence of fear of the future and of veneration for the past. One who fears the future, who fears failure, limits his activities. Failure is only the opportunity more intelligently to begin again. There is no disgrace in honest failure; there is disgrace in fearing to fail. What is past is useful only as it suggests ways and means for progress.

2. A disregard of competition. Whoever does a thing best ought to be the one to do it. It is criminal to try to get business away from another man—criminal because one is then trying to lower for personal gain the condition of one's fellow man—to rule by force instead of by intelligence.

3. **The putting of service before profit.** Without a profit, business cannot extend. There is nothing inherently wrong about making a profit. Well-conducted business enterprise cannot fail to return a profit, but profit must and inevitably will come as a reward for good service. It cannot be the basis—it must be the result of the service.

4. Manufacturing is not buying low and selling high. It is the process of buying materials fairly and, with the smallest possible addition of cost, **transforming those materials into a consumable product and giving it to the consumer**. Gambling, speculating, and sharp dealing, tend only to clog this progression.





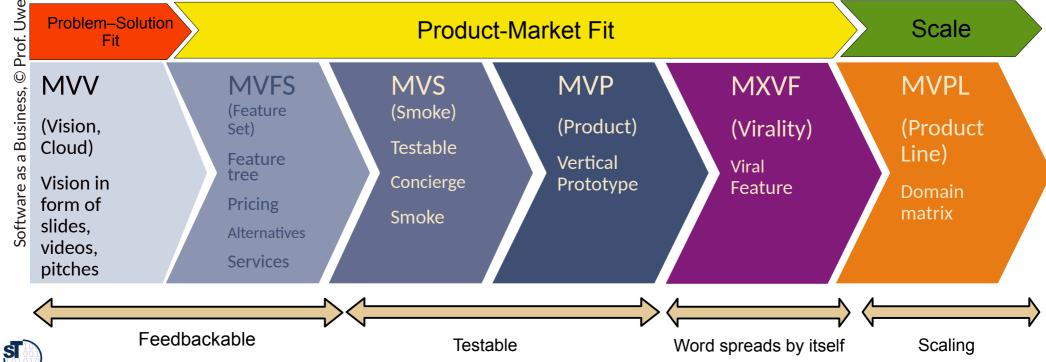
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#### 03.2 On the Way to the MVP

• Minimal Viable Feature Set (MVFS) and Minimal Viable Smoke (MVS)

## Finding the Customer's Needs: Different Forms of MVP (From MVV to MVPL)

- Minimal viable Vision (MVV)
- Minimal viable feature set (MVFS), aka low-fidelity MVP, with a feature tree in which only one configuration is selected
- Minimal viable smoke (MVS)
- Minimal viable products (MVP), a vertical prototype
- MaXimally viral feature (MXVF)
- Minimal viable Product Line (MVPL, with Feature Tree)



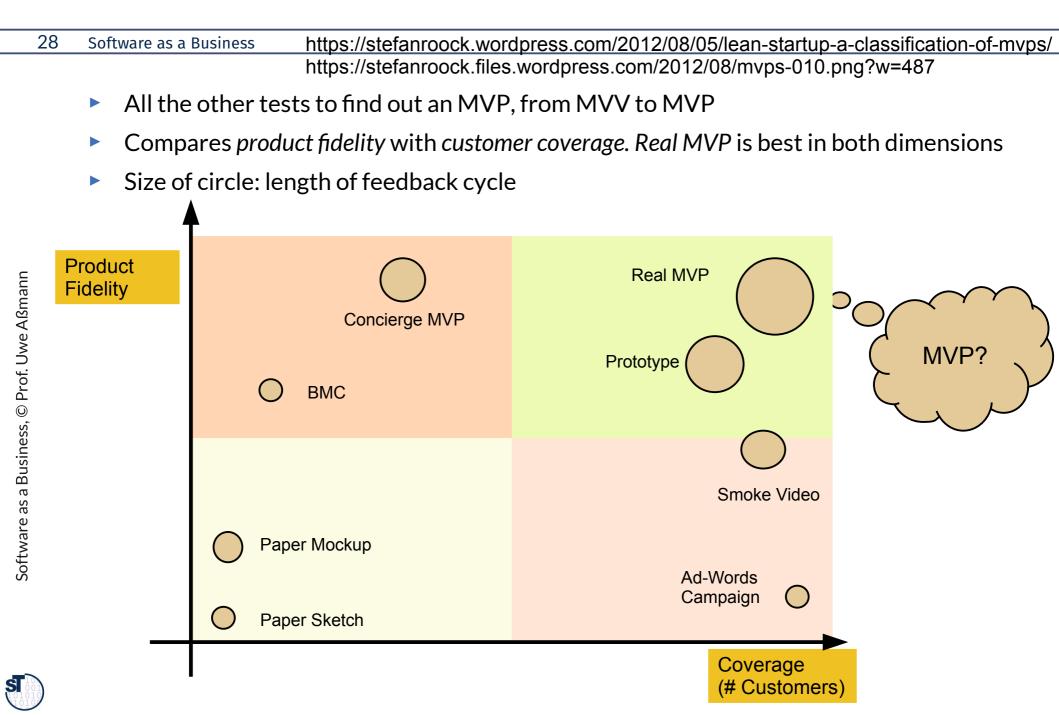


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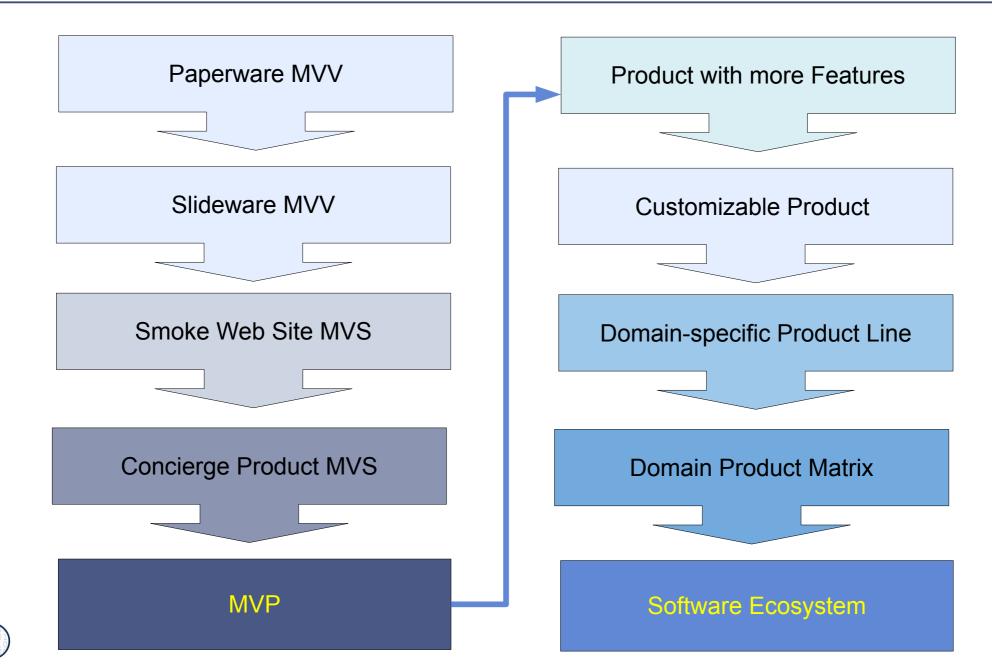
# 03.2.1 Smoke Testing on the Way to the MVP

• Minimal Viable Smoke

## Smoke Test Portfolio



#### Example on the Way to the MVP – And Beyond



- Slideware MVV vs. MVFS: A set of slides showing the value proposition of the MVV, and may be the MVFS
- NABC MVV: An NABC elevator pitch to tell the MVV to everybody in 2 min
- Feature Tree MVFS: a feature tree modeling the minimal viable feature set
- A **smoke video** is a video that shows customers how the MVP will behave.
  - [Dropbox]
- Smoke Website MVS: A smoke website is a website that shows customers how the MVP will behave
- Concierge MVP (better: Concierge MVS): A concierge MVP is a product that is not automated but performed by hand.
  - Ex.: AirBnb uses photos to show the flat they rent out [Lean Analytics p 6]
  - Initial hypothesis for MVP: use professional photography to attract more customers
  - Buiding a Concierge MVP (website) resulted in three times more bookings
- Minimal viable product (MVP), Minimal viable service (MVS): real product, but minimal vertical prototype



## Basic, but Not So Yet Fantastic Web Metrics on Smoke MVS Concierge MVP and MVP

- Landing page (smoke web site) metrics:
  - Number of hits and pageviews
  - Number of unique visitors
  - Time of visitor on page
  - Churn measures the number of people that turn away from your website, stop using the service, never login again [LeanAnalytics p 95]
- Number of followers on twitter and friends on facebook
- Number of members of mailing list
- Number of downloads of test version or teaser version

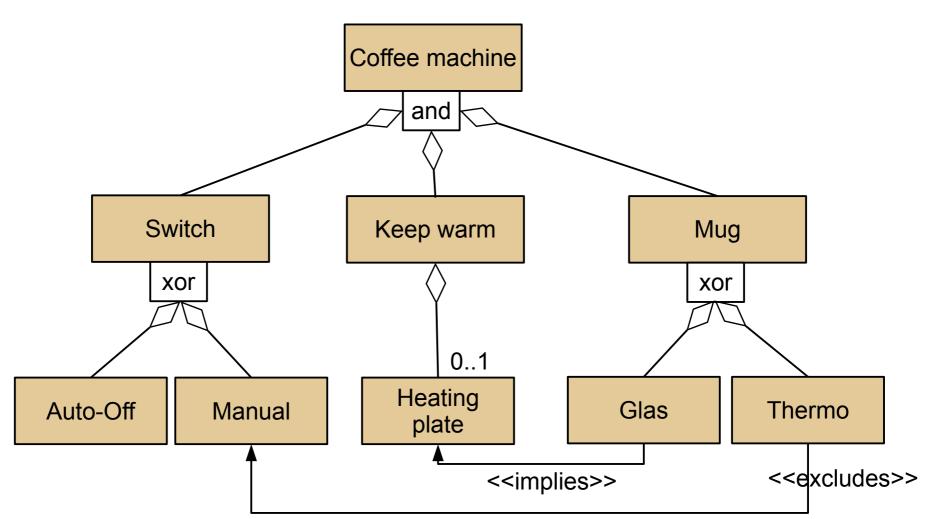


## MVP Development with Minimal Viable Feature Sets (Feature-based MVP Development)

- First design the features MVP as feature model (minimal viable feature set MVFS)
  - The MVP will be the implementation of the MVFS
  - Vertical prototyping means to implement one feature of the MVFS, and to incrementally increase feature mapping and implementations
- Work with customers on the minimal feature set (MVFS) before doing prototyping
  - Create a customer model
    - customer segmentation
    - pricing demands
  - Put up problem trees for all customers separately
  - Put up a problem variability tree for all customers, and map it to the feature tree (hopefully a surjective mapping)
    - The feature tree is the first solution model



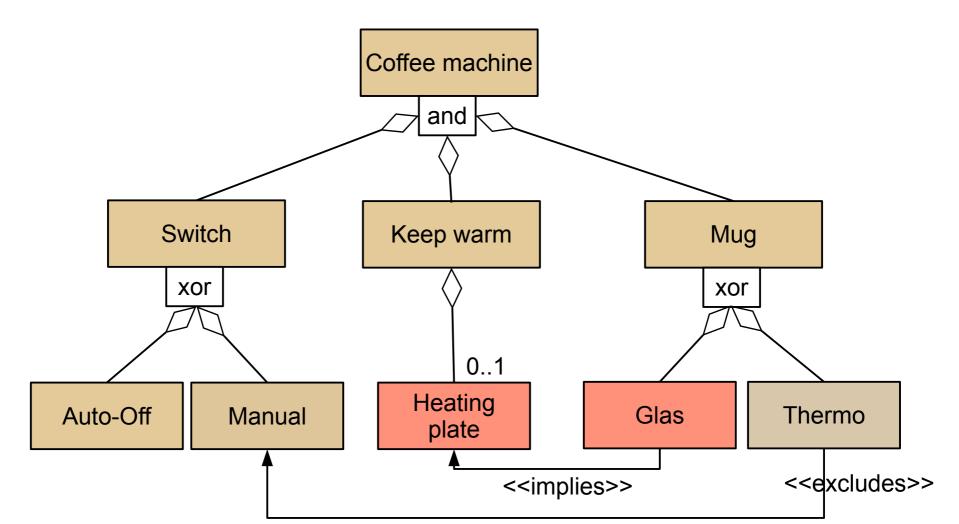
- A **feature model** is a and/or link tree with options, inclusion and exclusion constraints.
- It describes a combinatorial variant space and can be mapped to propositional logic.
  - All possible features of the product or service





## The MVP in the MVFS Feature Model

- The Minimal Viable Feature Set (MVFS) is characterized by a feature model
- The MVP is a subset of paths in the feature model, selecting a subset of OR and XOR subtrees (a variant selection or configuration)





### **MVP** Development Processes

- Build up an MVFS Feature Model
- Assess its configurations with SWOT assessment of deep BMC
  - With customer interviews (problem interviews, solution interviews)
  - with Smoke Tests, Web metrics to measure customer behavior
  - with Pirate metrics on the landing page
  - With concierge service
  - with an Easychair-like reviewing portal in which MVP can be discussed by reviewers
  - with an MVP readiness level metric





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# 03.2.2. Customer Interviews as Simple Hypothesis Tests

### **Customer Interviews**

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**Customer Problem Customer Solution Customer problem-solution-Interviews** fit interview Interviews

run in the phase "Problem-Solution Fit" focus on problems of the customer VPC lower right part is about pains SPIN canvas (left part) to reveal hidden problems Solution selling canvas matrix (left part) reveals reasons and implications of need **Pain canvas** classifies pains; pain priorities help Solution selling canvas matrix (left part) reveals reasons and implications of needs to find the most important

run in all phases VPC left part (pain killers, gain creators, and products/services) talk about solutions and their fit to pains and gains SPIN canvas (right part) to reveal hidden problems Solution-selling canvas matrix (right part) reveals capabilitie

Customer interview canvas Pain-Gain Banana SPIN Canvas **Solution Selling Canvases** 



### Customer Interview Canvas (CIC)

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[Korger]

- Korger designed a specific canvas for customer interviews (both for solutions and problems), to find out the expectations of a customer for a software product
  - Techniques for basic, performance and delighters factors of the Kano model for requirements
    - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kano\_model
  - Interview techniques [Rupp und Schüpferling]



## Customer Interview Canvas (CIC) Finding out the World of the Customer

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### [Korger]

				L	
Goal/Paradox Inverted Goal What is the goal of the project? What has to be avoided?	System Users Who has access to the system? For what type of user does the system offer a certain functionality? Resources What are the resources for this pro- ject, e.g. developer team, experience & expertise, money, time	What is the curre ject?	Within fule for the project of the pro-	Domain Model What are the objects identified within the project domain? How do the objects relate to each other? Risks What are the main risks to be ad- dressed?	Success Indicators/Criteria What measures are suitable to ver the success of the project? What criteria does the project ha to meet?
Questions What aspects need further clarification	m?		Answers What are the ansu Have they been un	wers as the interviewer has understood iderstood correctly from the point of th	them? e customer?





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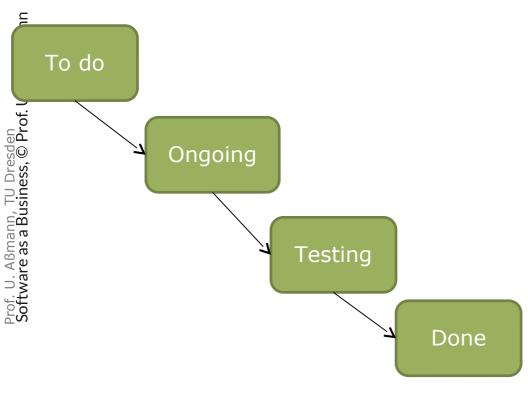
## 03.3. Planning the Daily Work in Lean Startup – The Triple SCRUM

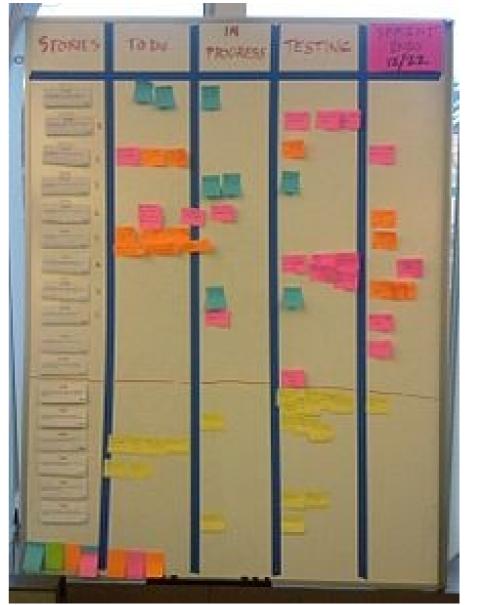
- Three SCRUM processes are intertwined
  - Software development (of the MVP)
  - Service development (of the MVS)
  - Business model development

## A Day in the Life of a SCRUM Software Developer

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- Time boxes (sprints) to reach a new running new product version
- SCRUM board with state monitoring from left to right





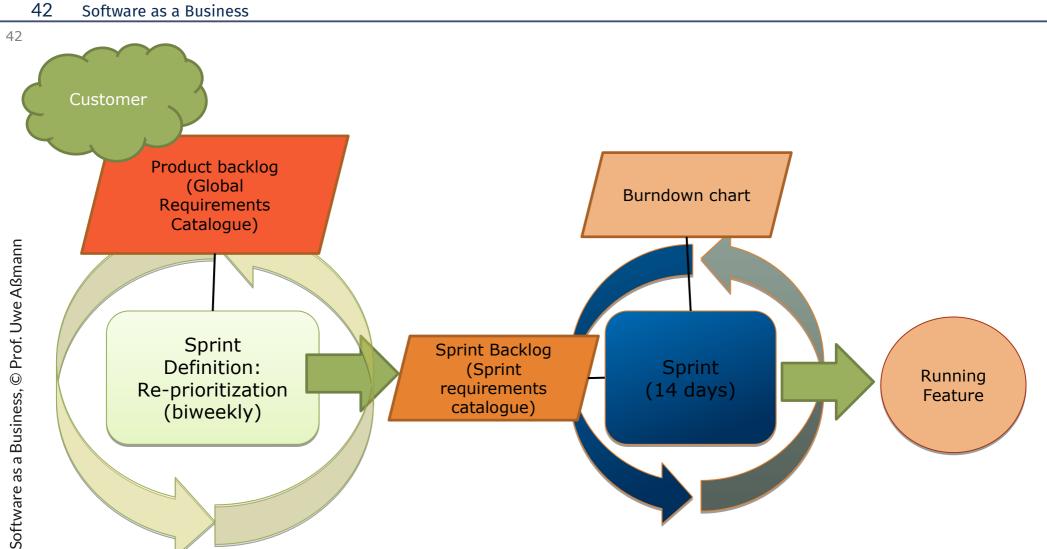
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Scrum\_(development) http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Scrum\_task\_board.jpg



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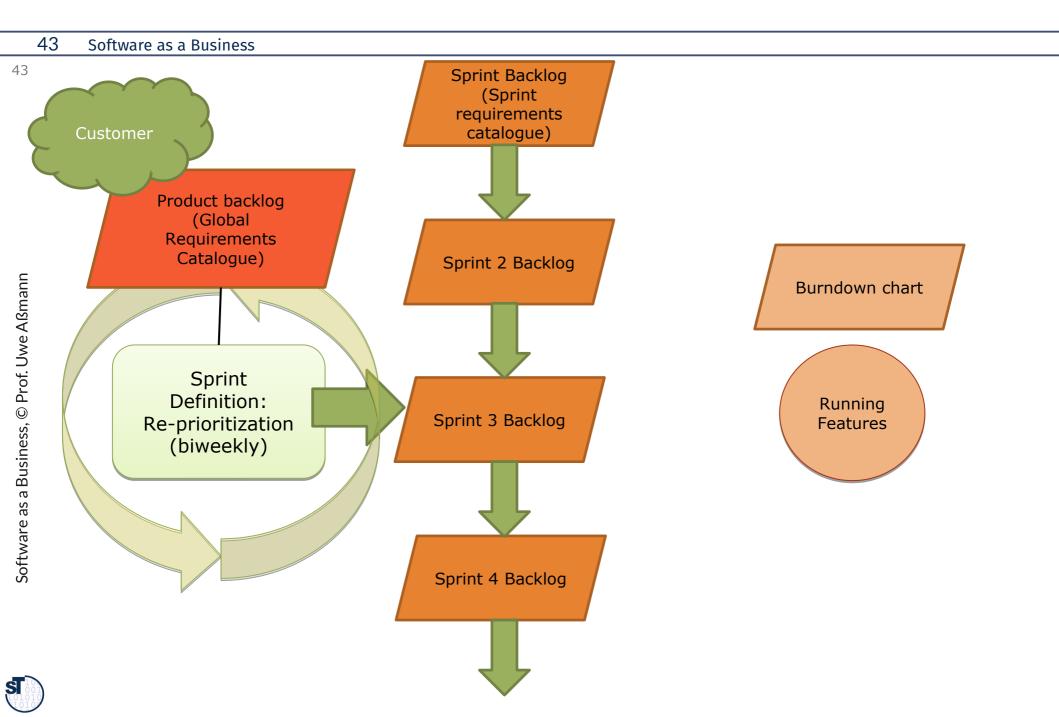
### SCRUM Burns Down Requirements in Sprints

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### **Unrolled SCRUM Milestones**

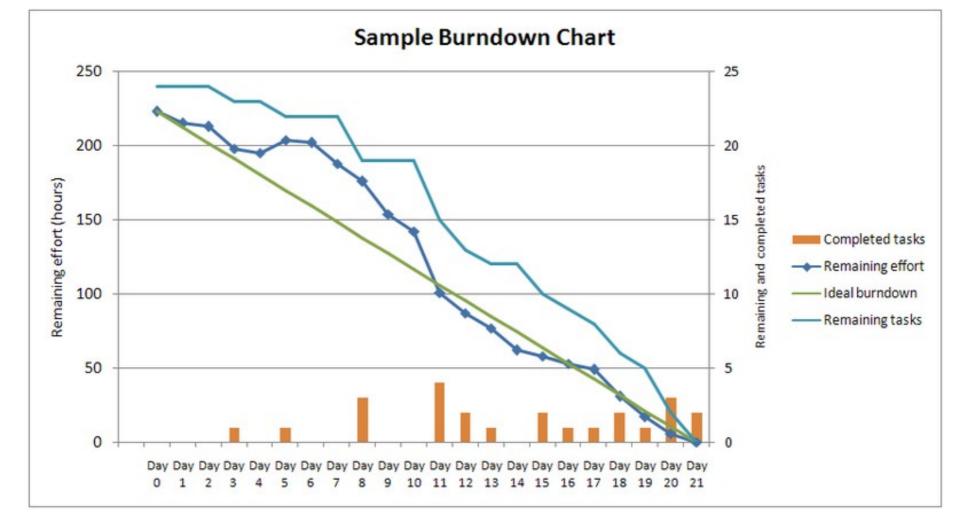


### Burndown Charts - Reality Check during the Sprints

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A **burndown chart** measures the progress of the sprint in terms of running features





### **SCRUM** is Very Popular

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### **Controllability** fixed time-box of 14 days

### **Quality-gates**

SCRUM offers simple quality gates (burndown chart of product backlog)

### **Customer-driven**

Customers are interviewed for repriorizations of requirements (agility) Agile Repriorisation in the sprint definition before the start of a sprint

Appr. 50% of all software companies use SCRUM

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### Iteration Planning Canvas for SCRUM Sprint Planning

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[Korger]

- Project planning in iterations with "Planning Game" from Extreme Programming
  - Guideline: Planning Game. Eclipse Process Framework, http://epf.eclipse.org
- Customer-Centric Development, Customer available for discussions
- Continuous Integration
- Test-driven development
- Self-organizing team



### **Iteration Planning Canvas**

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[Korger]

Acceptance Tests	Previous Achievements #	Release Plan	Special Qualifica	ations	Personal Subscriptions
What criteria does a story implementation have to meet to get accepted? What effect/output is expected for a specific action/input?	How many story points were done in the last release/iteration by the whole team? How many estimated hours of work did you complete in the last iteration?	What features can/should be implemented? How many story points are scheduled (based on previous releases)?	In which field is wh who currently a lot o	o the expert/has of practice?	What tasks have you subscribed for
	Stories What type of user can execute what kind of action for what reason? (a single story should not exceed the workload for two persons for the whole iteration)		Sought Experier		
Tasks How are the stories subdivided into "s	simple units of work", e.g. db schema,	html page servlet		Personal Estin What is your pers	nates sonal estimate for this task?





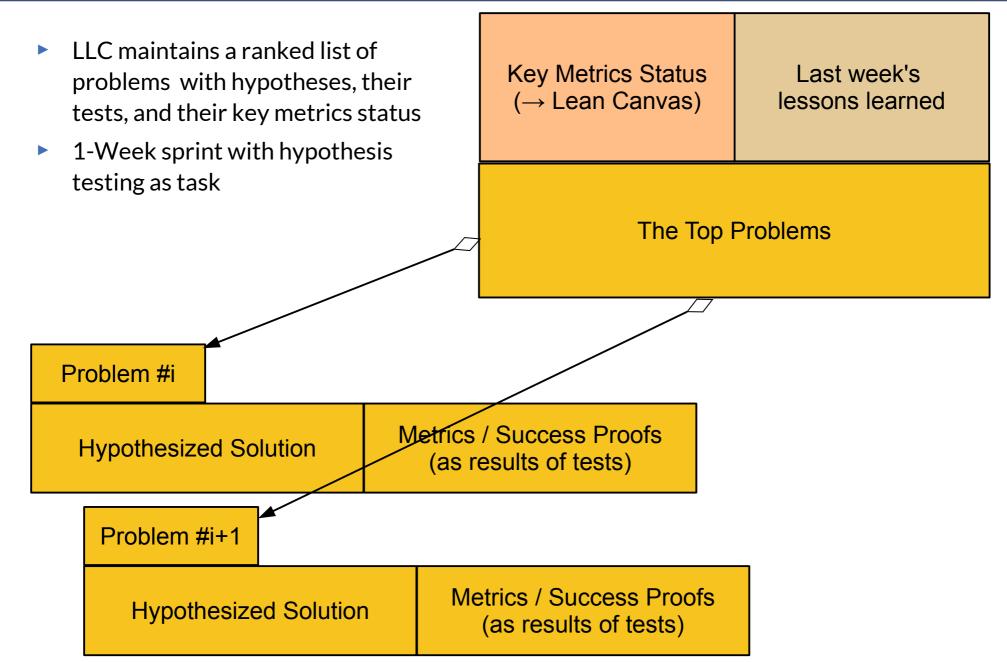
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### 03.3.2. Evaluating the Key Metrics with the Lessons Learned Canvas (LLC)

- An alternative to Iteration Planning Canvas
- From Lean Analytics, Chapter Stickyness, p 220
- The work items in the Lean-Measure Incubation Sprints are Problem items, arranged in an LLC
  - The objective is to learn about the customer

### LLC Works as Subcanvas of LeanCanvas: KeyMetrics

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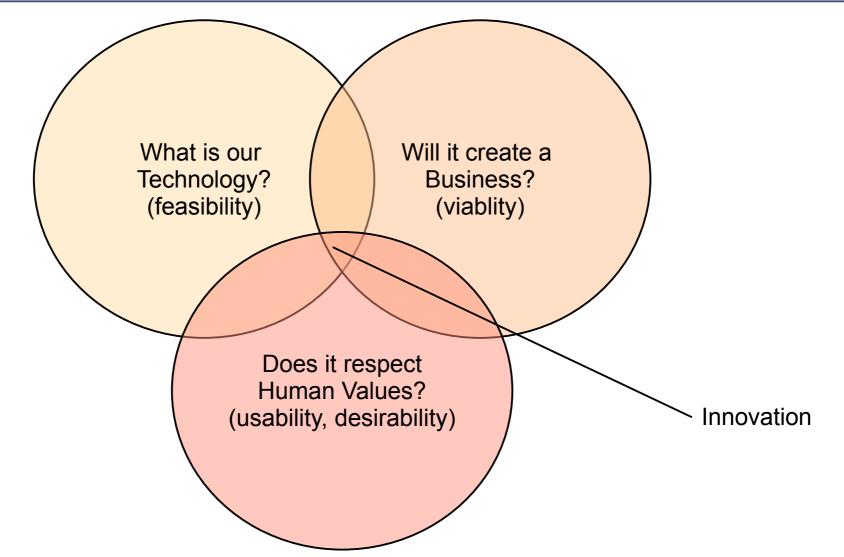
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### 03.4 Assessment of the Maturity of Canvases (and Customer Interviews)

How to Evaluate the Maturity of a Value Proposition in a Canvas with Assessment Questions

# Assessing with Questions from the Stanford Triple Match for Innovations

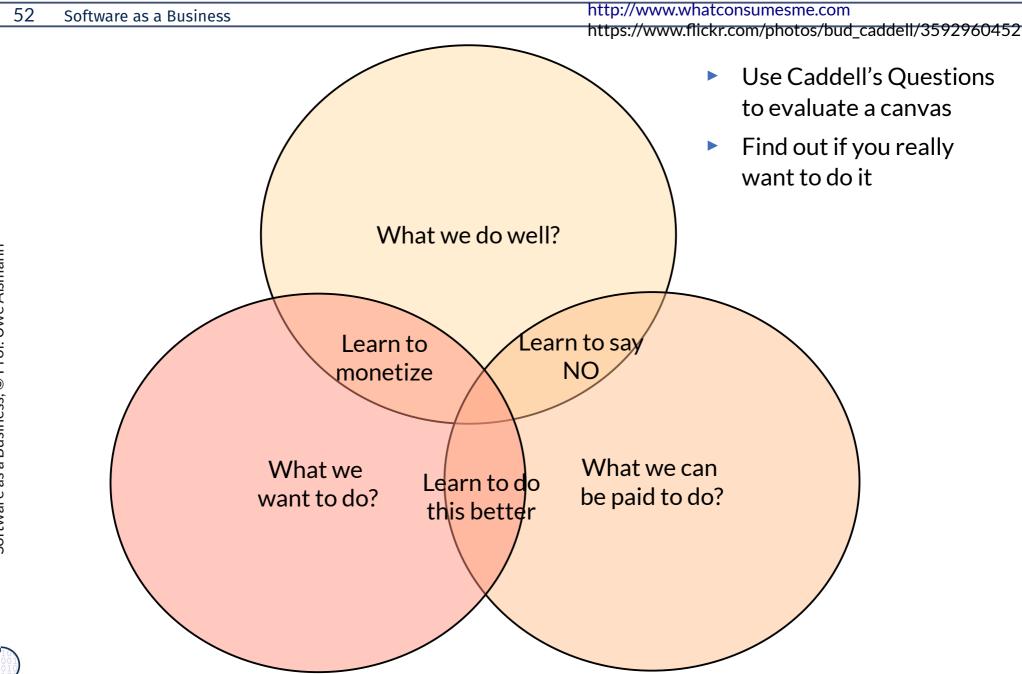
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http://dschool.stanford.edu/our-point-of-view/



## Assessing with Bud Caddell's Triple for Innovators



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# Assessing with the Value Proposition Cycle (Hughes-Chafin)

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Hughes, G. D./ Chafin, D. C. (1996): "Turning New Product Development into a Continuous Learning Process", in: Journal of Product Innovation Management, Jg. 13, S. 89-104. Birgit Verworn, Cornelius Herstatt. Modelle des Innovationsprozesses. September 2000. Arbeitspapier Nr. 6.

TU Hamburg-Harburg. http://www.tuhh.de/tim/downloads/arbeitspapiere/Arbeitspapier\_6.pdf



### Strategic Matrix Analysis for SWOT-BMC

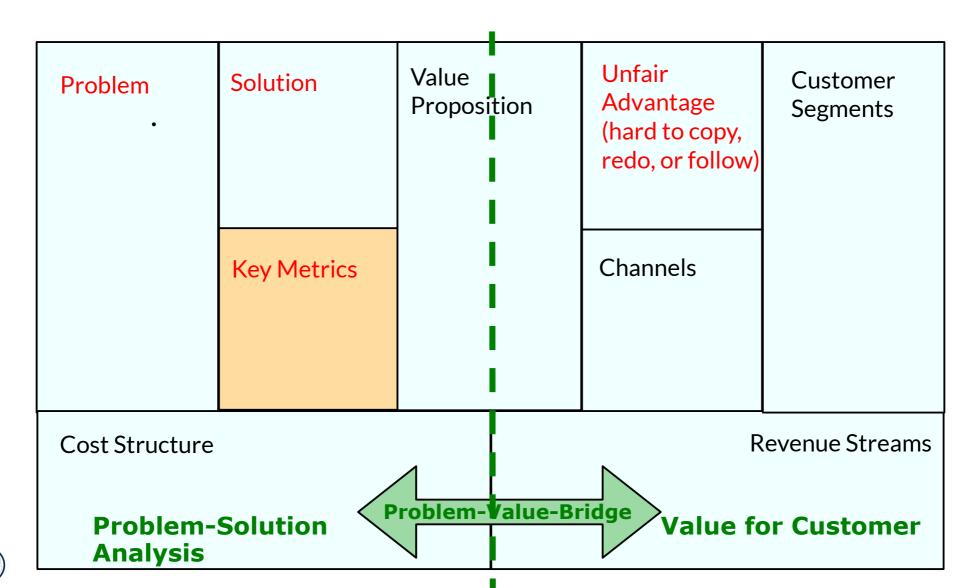
- For a strategic canvas assessment analysis, create a table (matrix canvas), brainstorm and grade on the crossproduct
- For instance, give school grades of 0..5, 0..10, or 0..15
- [BMG] suggest to give positive grades (1..5) and negative grades (1..5)

		Key Partners	Key Activities	Key Resources	Costs	Value Proposit ions	Customer relationsh ips	Channels	Customer Segments	Revenues
_	What are the Strengthes?									
n T	Vhat are the <b>Veaknesses?</b>									
	Vhat are the Opportunities?									
	Vhat are the 「hreats/Risks?									



## Remember: Lean Canvas [Maurya] [http://leancanvas.com/]

- 55 Software as a Business
  - The Lean Canvas supports Problem-Objective-Solution-analysis (POA) during sprints





### **Evaluation Questions SWOT-LeanCanvas**

#### 56 Software as a Business

	Problems	Solution	Key Metrics	Cost structure	Value Propositio n	Unfair Advantage	Costumer Segments	Revenue Streams
at are the engthes?								
at are the aknesses?								
at are the portunities?								
 at are the eats/Risks?								

Software as a <mark>-</mark>

Lean Canvas can also be crossed with SWOT and evaluated



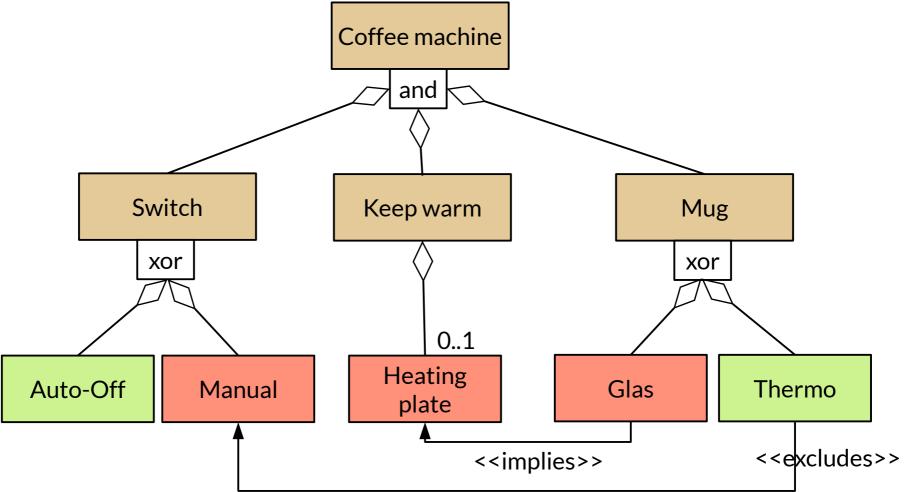


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### 03.5 Determining Minimal Viable Feature Set, Key Features and the MVP with Feature Trees

### Re-Selecting the MVP in the MVFS Feature Model

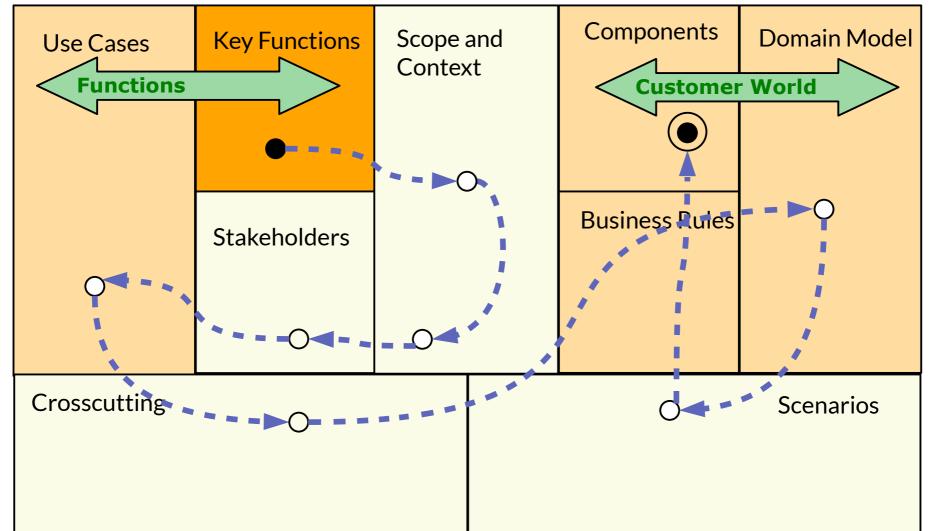
- If a customer interview changes the metrics of the deep BMC, the MVP has to be checked and eventually, re-selected (from red to green)
- From the many possible features, the minimal viable feature with the highest metric value must be selected (which is implemented)





### Requirements Engineering Canvas (ReqEC)

- [Oddoy] suggested a canvas to engineer requirements and functions for the MVP
- ReqEC can also be used in software projects
- This is a bridge to the design of the vertical prototoype (MVP) as well as to the feature tree of the MVFS

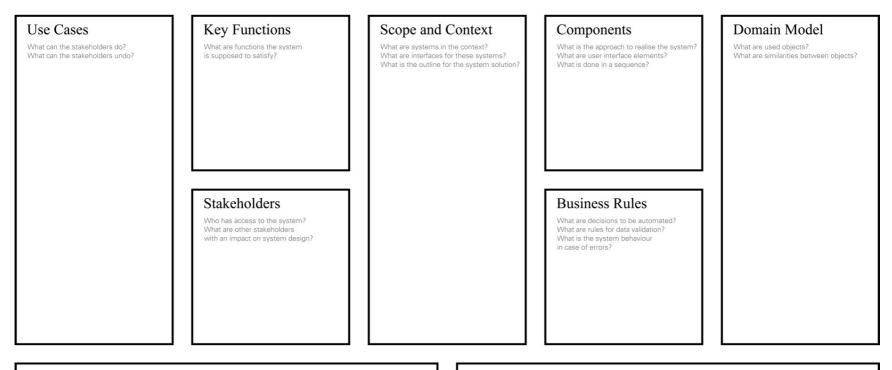




### Requirements Engineering Canvas (ReqEC)

#### 62 Software as a Business

• [Oddoy], C. Wende, Belegarbeit at Chair of Software Engineering, Prof. Aßmann (2014)



#### **Cross-Cutting**

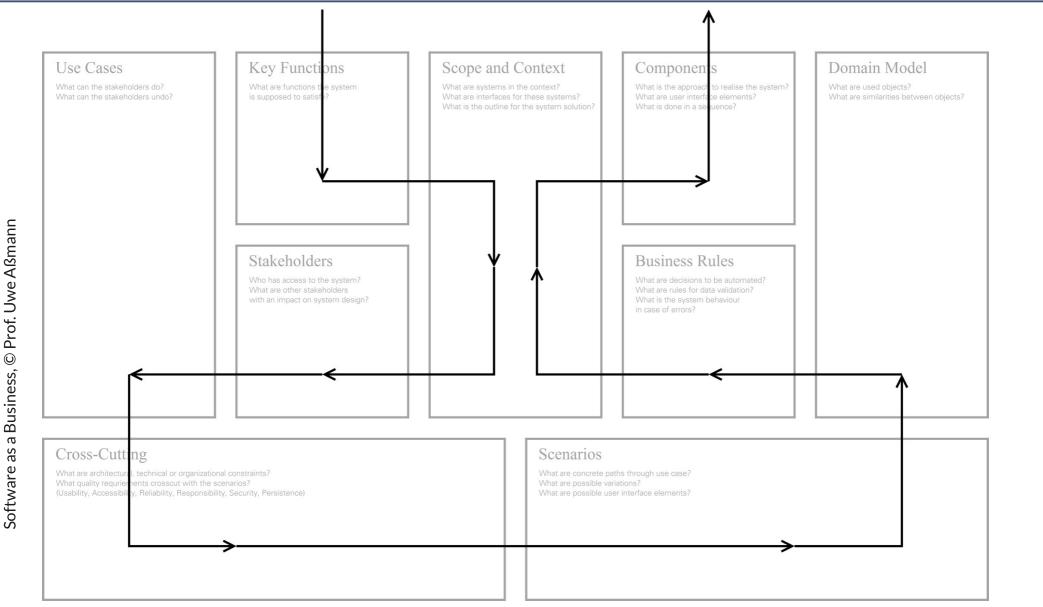
What are architectural, technical or organizational constraints? What quality requirements crosscut with the scenarios? (Usability, Accessibility, Reliability, Responsibility, Security, Persistence)

#### Scenarios

What are concrete paths through use case? What are possible variations? What are possible user interface elements?



### Fill Order of ReqEC







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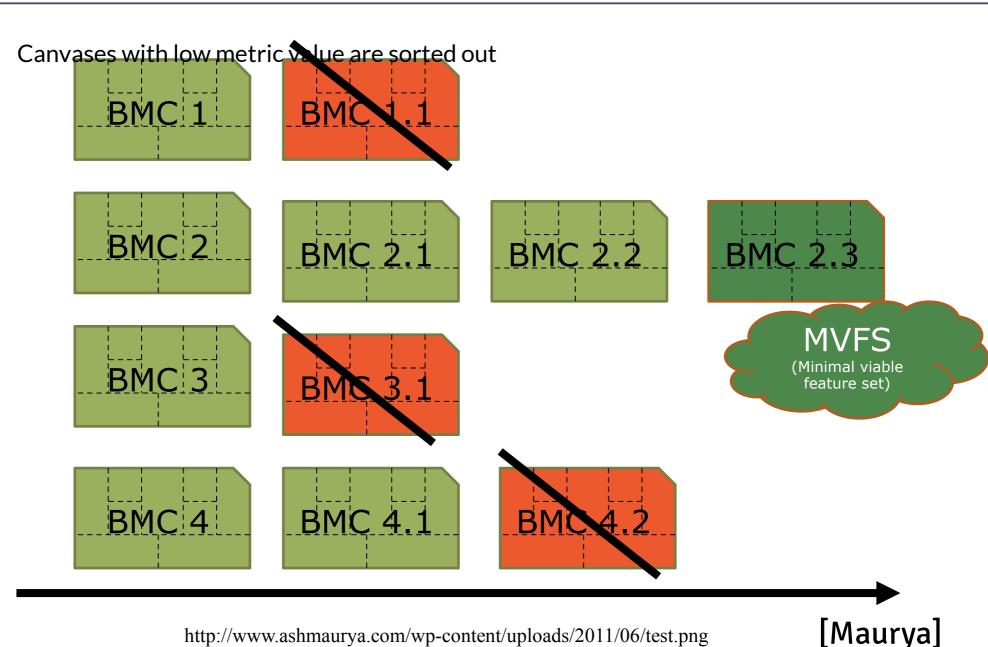
### 03.6 The Canvas Cactus and the Triple SCRUM

- From Lean Analytics, Chapter Stickyness, p 220
- The work items in the Lean-Measure Incubation Sprints are Problem items, arranged in an LLC
  - The objective is to learn about the customer

### Sorting out Inappropriate Business Model Canvases

65 Software as a Business

65



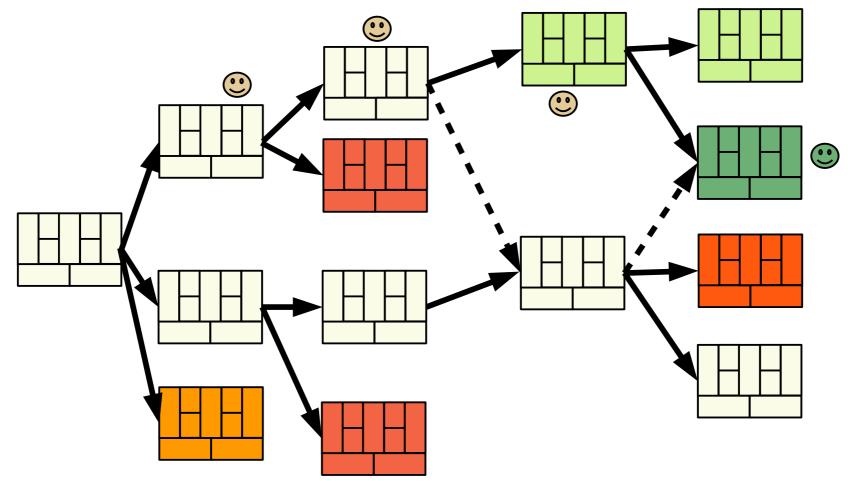


Software as a Business, © Prof. Uwe Aßmann

http://www.ashmaurya.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/06/test.png

### The Business Model Canvas Cactus

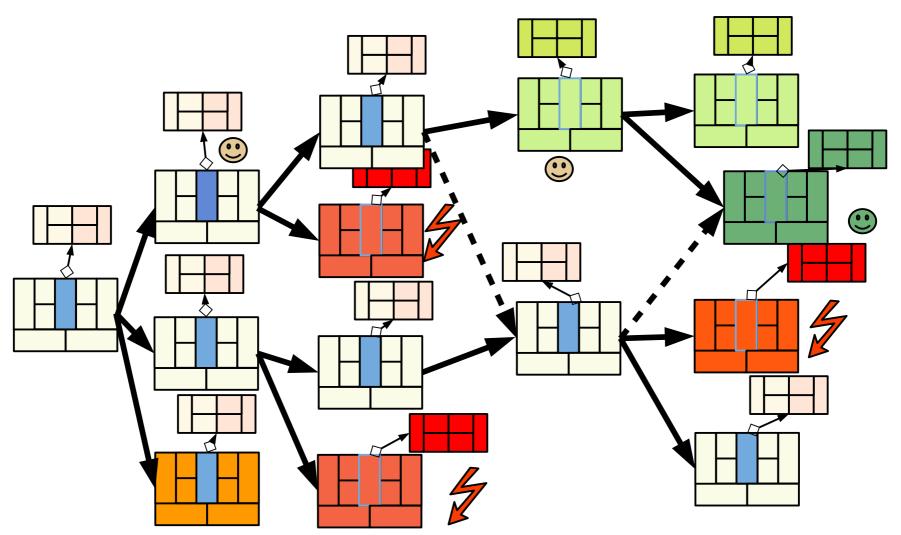
- Growing a link tree with side edges (dag cactus) out of a first version
- Assess with metrics (BMC SWOT assessment,
  - Then with red-yellow-green; choose a current "champion" in the feature tree
- Remember: **BMC is deep!**





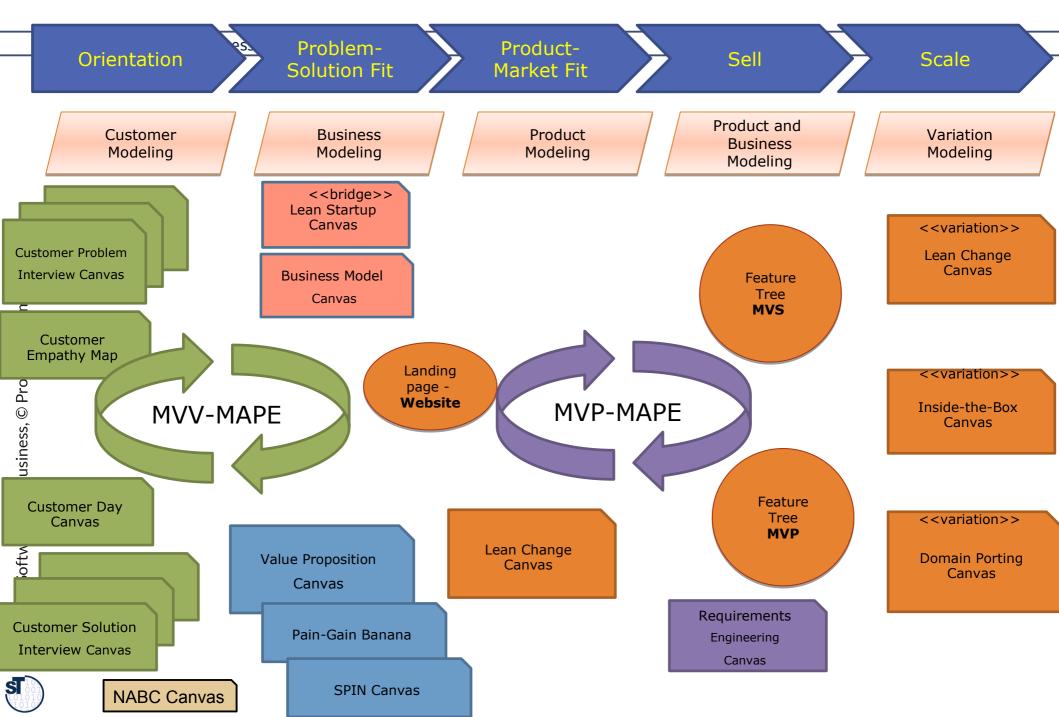
# The Evolving deep-BMC-VPC Canvas Cactus (extended)

- 67 Software as a Business
  - Growing a tree with side edges (link tree cactus) out of a first version
    - Assess with metrics and red-yellow-green; choose a current "greenest" "champion"
  - Every step tests hypotheses about the customer and changes metrics
  - Not too many canvases are kept active (small dashboard)

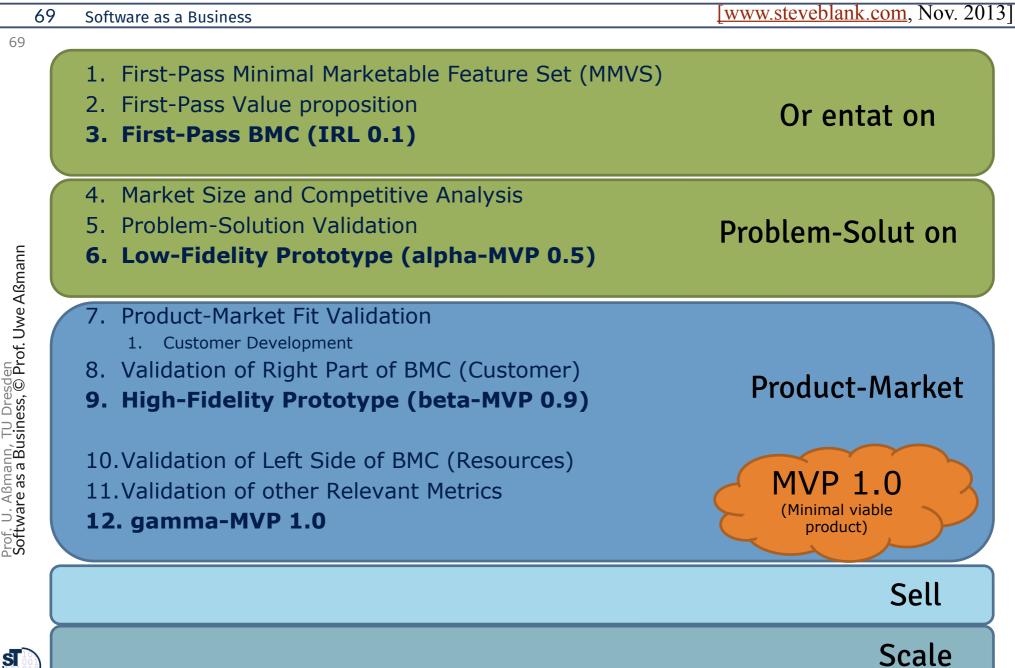




### **Overview of Canvases and Startup Maturity Phases**



## The Goal: Measure the Startup Readiness Level by Milestones of the BMC

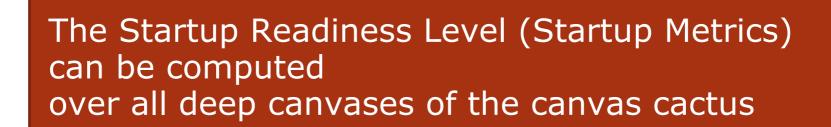


- The SRL of a startup results from the maturity level of several lean models:
  - Maturity Level of Value Proposition Canvas
  - Maturity Level of Empathy Maps (Customer Development)
  - The Blank Investment readiness level IRL
  - Maturity Level of Requirements Engineering Canvas
  - Maturity Level of Feature Trees with Pricing Model
- The SML is used to decide whether a startup has passed a stage gate



### **Evaluating Startups for their Readiness Level**

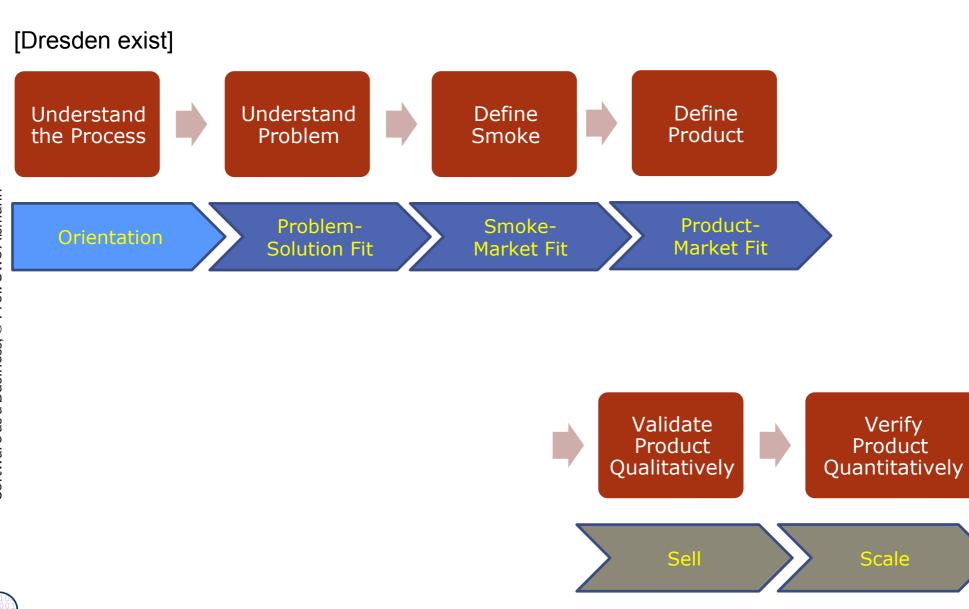
71 Software as a Business



The Startup Readiness Level allows for automated (self-)monitoring of startups



### What we will use in this course (Smoke-Market Fit)

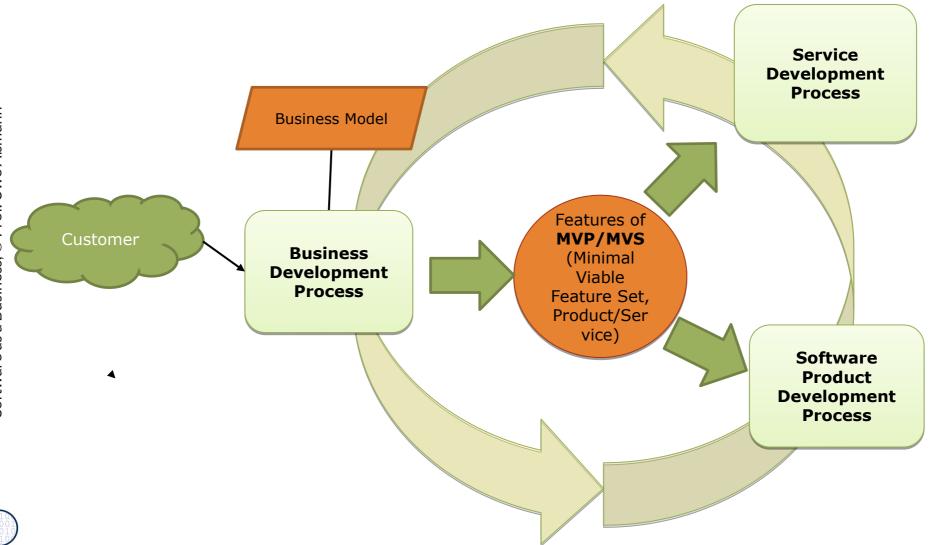




# Three SCRUM Processes in the Life of a Software Startup

73 Software as a Business

Interface: Features of Minimal Viable Product (MVFS) and vertical prototype (MVP)

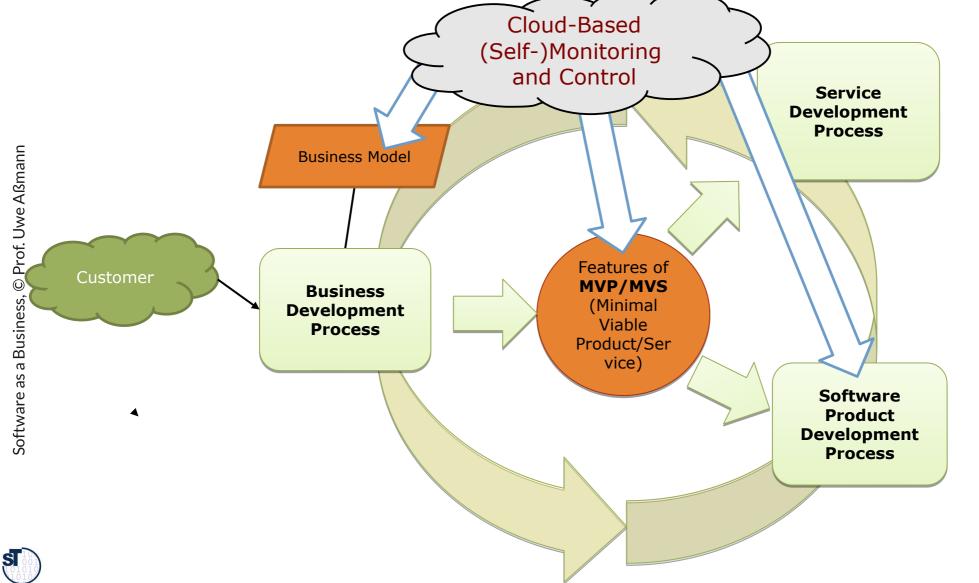


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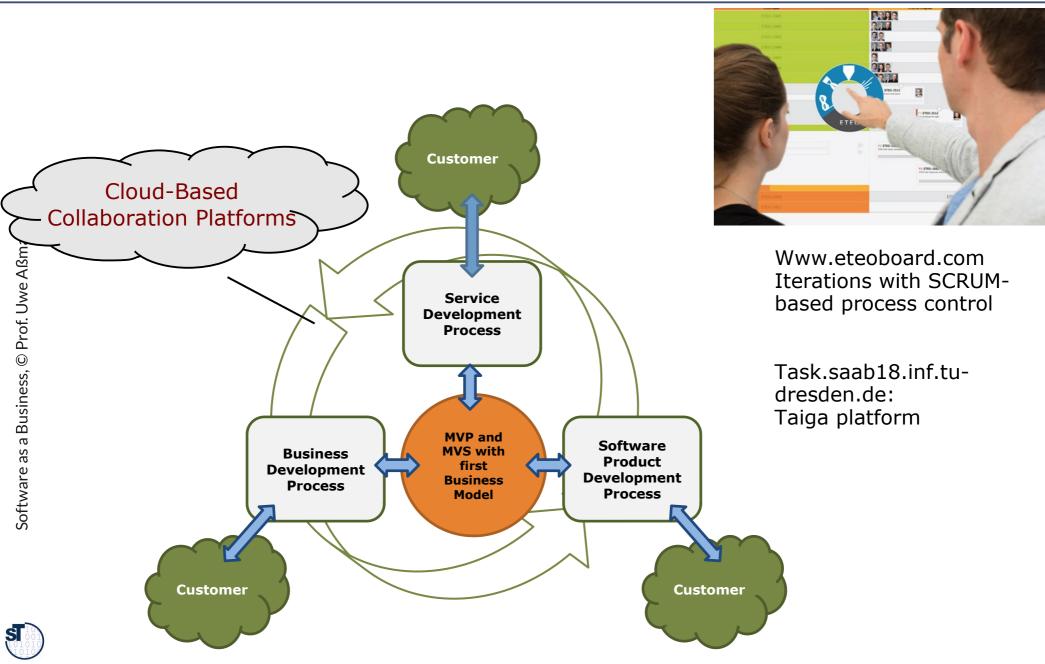
### Speeding up Incubation with the Cloud

#### 74 Software as a Business

Max Marmer founded http://blackbox.vc/, a portal to measure the progress of a startup 



# Cloud-Based Incubation: a Triple SCRUM on Modern SCRUM Platforms



## **Cloud-Based Incubation as SCRUM Incubation Process**

#### 76 Software as a Business

### Www.eteoboard.de

- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ File:Scrum\_task\_board.jpg for finding the business model
  - Arranging customer interviews for requirements
  - Finding the minimal viable product (MVP)
- A product development SCRUM develops the MVP
  - From the MVFS
- A service development SCRUM develops the MVS, coupled with the MVP
- Advantages:
  - Controllability
  - Quality gates
  - Customer-driven







### Incubation Backlogs will be Cloud-Based

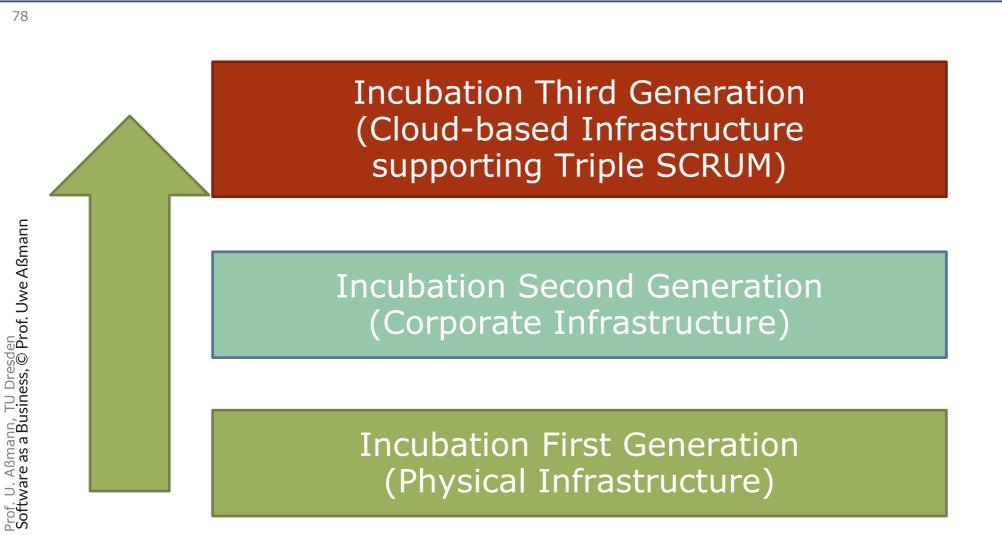
- SCRUM boards can be cloudbased and virtual
- ETEO <u>http://www.eteoboard.de/</u> (Saxonia Systems)





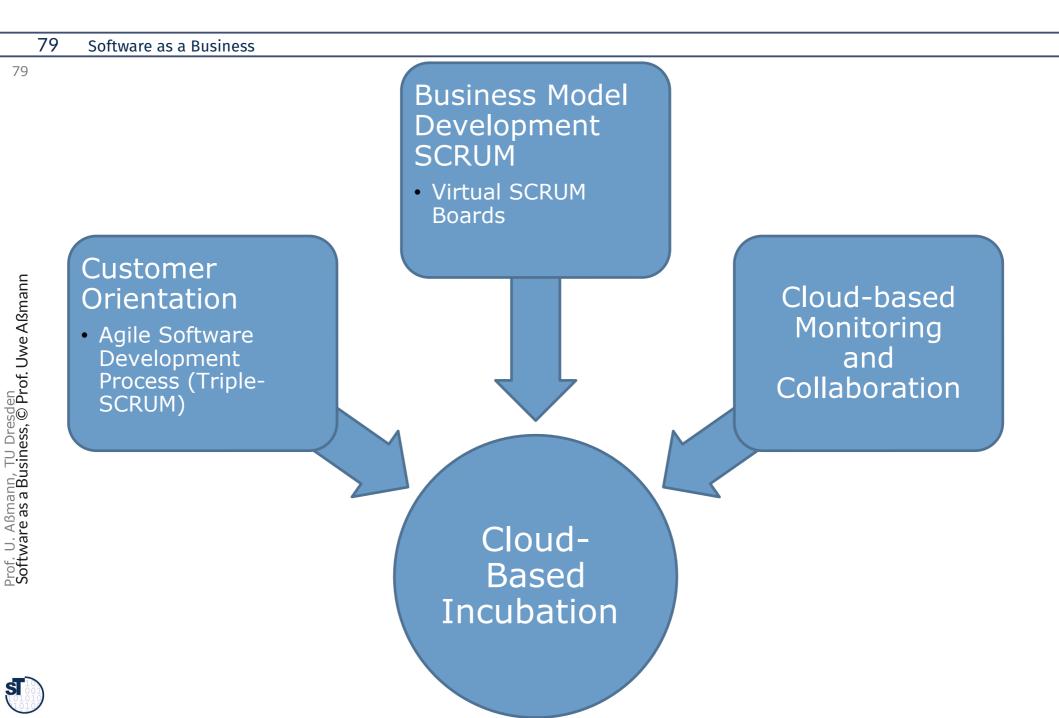


## 3rd Generation Incubation with Cloud-Based Collaboration Platforms





### **Cloud-Based Incubation**



- Which phase model for Lean Startup do you like most? Why is it superior to others?
- Explain the Triple SCRUM process a Lean Startup has to do how can MVP development, business model development and service development go together?
- Which roles do testing of hypotheses play in Lean Startup?
- Explain the smoke portfolio of different ways to show the vision for a product.
- Which advantages does a cloud offer to startup development
- Explain some ways to generate assessment questions for canvases and their fields.
- Explain the full way from the paperware MVV to the software ecosystem.

