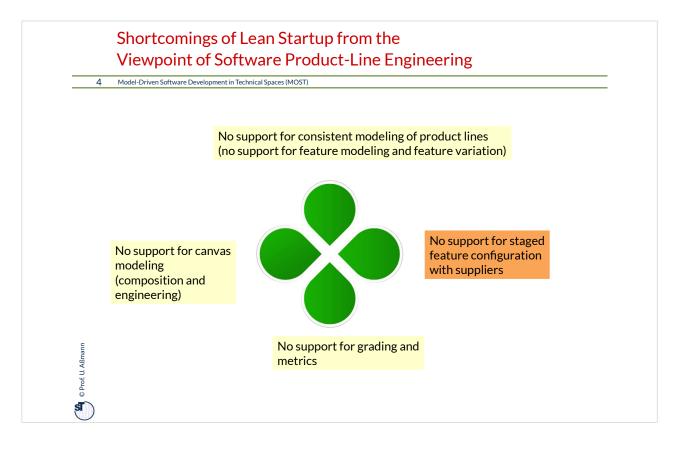
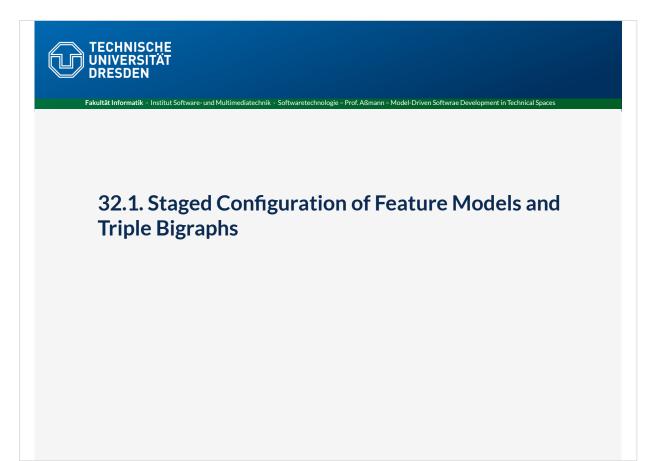


## **Other Literature**

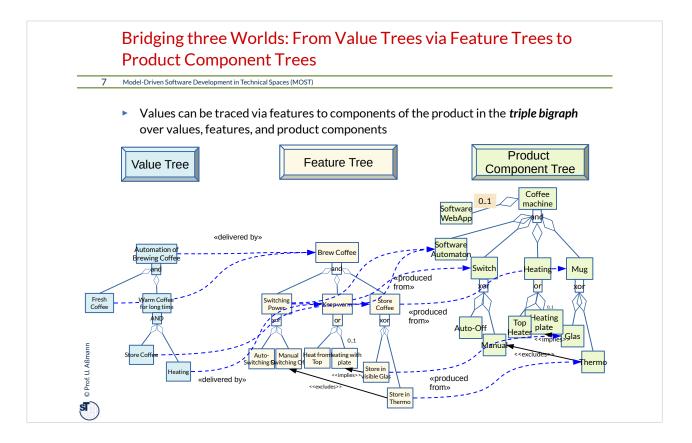
3 Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

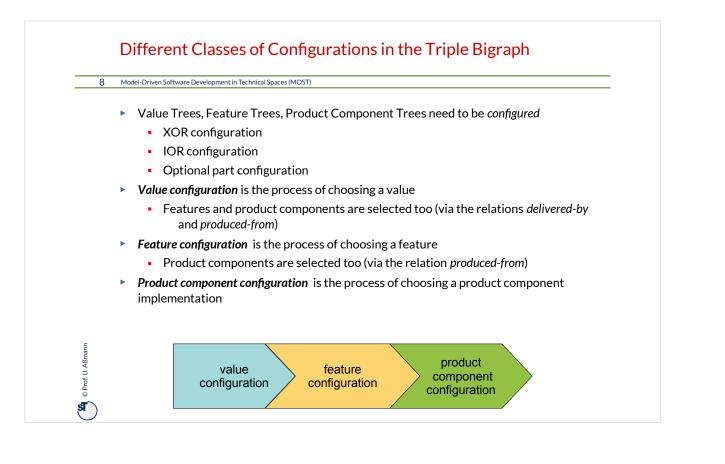
- Kwanwoo Lee, Kyo C. Kang, and Jaejoon Lee. Concepts and guidelines of feature modeling for product line software engineering. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, 2319:62--78, 2002. Good overview on feature models, and how to develop feature groups in different concerns
- Don S. Batory. Feature models, grammars, and propositional formulas. In J. Henk Obbink and Klaus Pohl, editors, Software Product Lines, 9th International Conference, SPLC 2005, Rennes, France, September 26-29, 2005, Proceedings, volume 3714 of Lecture Notes in Computer Science, pages 7--20. Springer, 2005.
  - Explains the relationship of feature models and propositional logic.
- Hans de Bruin and Hans van Vliet. Quality-driven software architecture composition. Journal of Systems and Software, 66(3):269--284, 2003.
  - Introduces feature-solution graphs, the bipartite graph between feature trees and product-component trees.

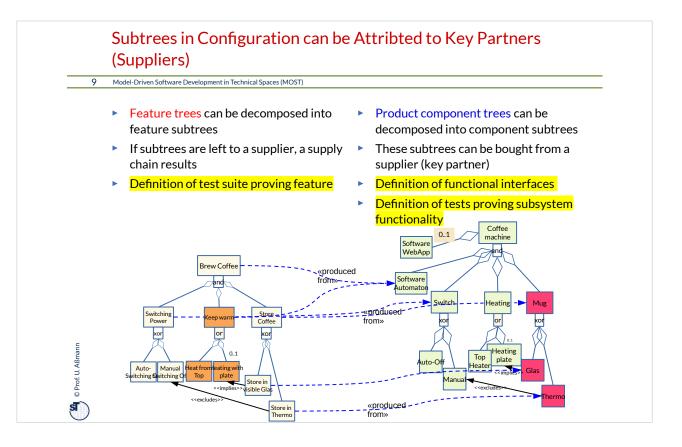










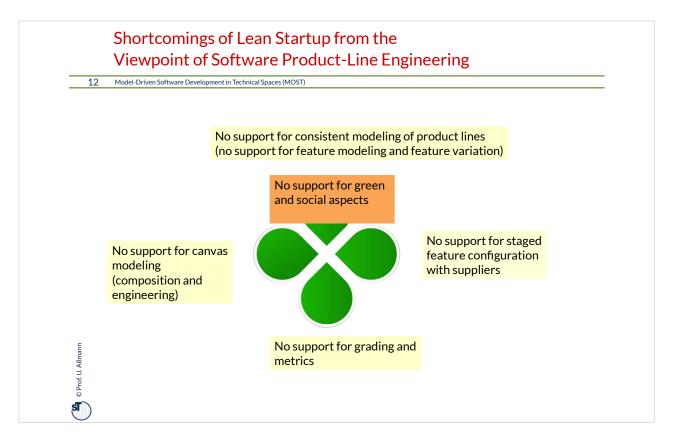


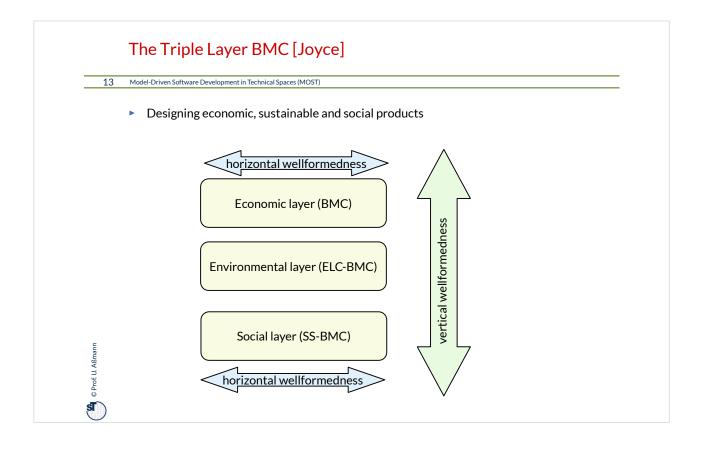
## Buying Feature or Component Subtrees from a Supplier

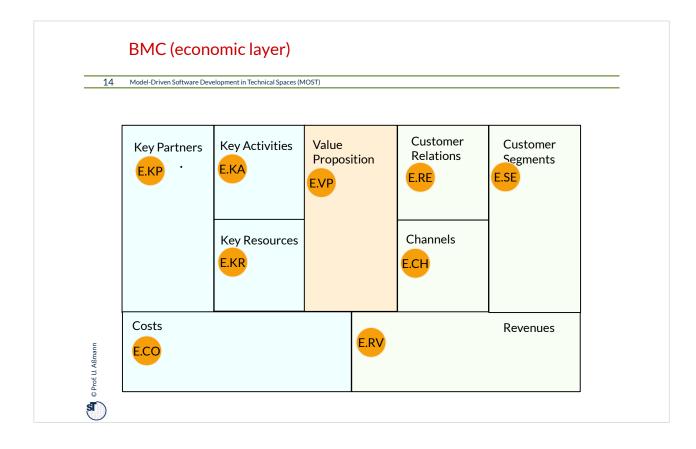
10 Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- Requirements document for the feature
   or component subtree
  - Definition of functional interfaces
  - Definition of tests proving subsystem functionality
- Pricing of the subtree supply
- (Sub-)Contract about these points
- See courses
  - Softwaretechnologie
  - Softwaretechnologie II
  - Requirements Engineering und Testen
- Multi-Stage configuration is the process of confining subconfigurations to all supplierbased subtrees of the triple bigraph (values, features, components) [Reiser] [Czarnecki]

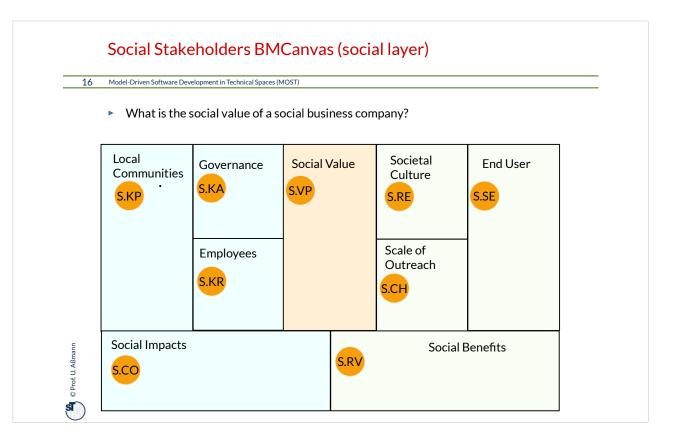








15	Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)						
	<ul> <li>What is the e</li> </ul>	environmental v	alue of the	product	(U.VP)?		
	Supplies Out-sourcing U.KP	Production U.KA Materials U.KR	Function Value U.VP	nal	End-of-Life U.RE supply chain Distribution U.CH	Use Phase	
	Environmental		U.RV	Environmental Benefits			



## Horizontal Wellformedness (Consistency)

17 Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)

- There is a simple consistency algorithm:
- ▶ forall field in Fields: compare E.field to U.field to S.field
- The TMBMC generates much larger value trees that the BMC.
  - How are feature trees influenced from these larger value trees?
  - Some economic values become red due to the social and environmental values. What does this mean?
- Excercise: in the paper [Joyce], Nespresso TLBMC is discussed with aluminium capsules. Put up a new TLBC for coffee pads in filter bags (compostable), and compare the TLBMC, in particular the environmental layer.

18 Model-Driven Software Development in Technical Spaces (MOST)					
	Explain the difference of a BMC and a TLBMC. What is vertical consistency?				
	How do you distribute features to your supply chain?				
	Which tests do you need if you delegate a subtree of the feature model to a supplier?				